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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1893. No. 264

Genuine Macintoshes

A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

On Sale at

W. & J. WILSON'S, COVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Because

A Horse Shoe

Is accepted as an omen of "good luck" is no reason why a MAN should wear them. Yet thousands of people buy shoes to which a horse would say "neigh."

We Fit Feet

With Superior Shoes, at reasonable prices. Come and see the biggest and best stock of Boots and Shoes in the Province.

A. B. Erskine,

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FOR CASH ONLY

A Good White Shirt, sold everywhere for $1.00, we sell it for 75c. Cash. This line we bought from a jobber who is giving up that part of the business. Remember, a full sized reinforced front, nicely laundried, for 75c. Only to be had from us—and can't be duplicated.

Men's and Boys' Rubber Coats, on heavy sheeting, for $1.75, worth $2.50.

Only two dozen of our 25c. Umbrellas left.

Boy's Overcoats, with Capes, from $1,75 up Boy's Reefers from $175 up.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.
BOOT AND SHOE DEPARTMENT, 35 Johnson Street.

The Last of our Fall Consignments
OF
Carpets.

HAS ARRIVED and we are now in a position to show one of the most complete lines in the city. These goods have been carefully selected and in quality, colorings and designs are unsurpassed by any in the province. We do not confine ourselves to any one manufacturer, but buy where we get best prices and patterns. We do not advertise to give goods away, or sell below cost, but we do guarantee to give as good (if not better) value than any other house in the trade. In Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestries, Wools and Union Carpets we show a choice range.

In Lace and Chenille Curtains our line is complete and comprises a number of makes which space will not allow us to enumerate. Our stock of Upholstering was never more complete. Six piece Parlor Sets ranging from $50 up.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A good plain cook for Mrs. Wolley, Oak Bay. Apply to Mrs. Bullen, Esquimalt road, between the hours of 9 and 11 a.m. n9-3t

$1000 free of interest. Building society advance for sale. Apply, stating bonus offered, B. S., Times office. n9-3t

FOR SALE—A pacing mare, 4-year old, good traveller, also buggy and harness, nearly new. 58 Kings Road. n9-3t

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF SAILINGS.

Allan Line, Laurentian	November	18
Dominion Line, Vancouver	"	18
Cunard Line, Etruria	"	18
White Star Line, Teutonic	"	22
American Line, New York	"	22
North German Lloyd Line, Ems	"	22
French Line, La Touraine	"	18
Canadian-Australian Line, Warrimoo	Nov	16
C.P.SS. Line, Empress of Japan	"	13

Through Tickets to Cape Town, South Africa, at the Cheapest Rates.

Apply to

GEO L. COURTNEY,

General Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway's Office, cor. Fort and Government Sts.

WEAR THE FAMOUS
"GRANBY"
Rubber Goods.

Liberal Tariff Platform.

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled declare:

That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it now is, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service.

That the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle and used as it has been by the government as a corrupting agency, wherewith to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations;

It has decreased the value of farm and other landed property;

It has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of the few;

It has checked immigration;

It has caused a great loss of population;

It has impeded commerce;

It has discriminated against Great Britain;

In these and in many other ways it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity so long as the present tariff system remains in force.

That the highest interests of Canada demand uremoval of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will develop domestic and foreign trade and hasten the return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government.

That it should be so adjusted as to make free, or to bear as lightly as possible upon the necessaries of life, and should be so arranged as to promote freer trade with the whole world, more particularly Great Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the protective system have grievously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country in the light of experience is prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy.

The issue between the two political parties on this great question is now clearly defined.

The government themselves admit the failure of their fiscal policy, and now profess their willingness to make some changes, but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection.

We denounce the principle of protection as ridically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the burdens under which the country labors.

This issue we unhesitatingly accept, and upon it we wait with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

A Shrewd Churchman.

In a small town in Midlands there is a rich congregation that is not characterized by lavish liberality, says the London Tit-Bits.

Time after time the minister had vainly appealed to his people to contribute more generously to the funds of the church. The members would, indeed, give something, but it was nearly always the smallest silver coin of the realm that was placed on the plate.

A shrewd Scotchman who had recently come to the place and joined the church was not long in noticing this state of affairs, and a remedy soon suggested itself to his practical mind.

"I'll tell you what," he said to one of the officials, "if you'll mak' me treasurer I'll engage to double the collections in three months."

His offer was promptly accepted, and sure enough the collections began to increase until by the time he had stated they were nearly twice as large as formerly.

"How have you managed it, Mr. Sandyman?" said the pastor to him one day.

"It's a great secret," returned the canny Scot, "but I'll tell you in confidence. The folk I saw maistly gave three-penny bits. Weel, when I got the money every Sabbath evening I carefully picked out the small coins and put them by. Noo, as there's only a limited number of three-penny pieces in a little place like this, and as I have maist of them at present under lock and key, the folk maun give sixpences at least instead. See, that's why the collections are doubled."

SUNKEN DYNAMITE

Alarming Report Made by the Divers at Santander.

MANY MORE CASES IN THE WRECK

Panic-Stricken Inhabitants Fleeing to Safety.

Houses Near the Docks Abandoned—The Report Discredited by the Experts—Many Deaths Daily Among the Wounded by the Explosion—Cholera Among the Cape Verde Islands.

Santander, Nov. 9.—Divers state that 600 cases of dynamite remain in the steamer Cabo Machicaco. People near the water front, fearing another explosion, are abandoning their homes and seeking houses at a safe distance from the point of danger. Experts do not believe that such a quantity of dynamite could withstand the shock of the last explosion. Deaths among the wounded by the late explosion are reported daily.

Cats Worth Money.

London, Nov. 9.—The first annual National Cat show, under the auspices of the National Cat Club, closed last night, and this morning the 600 felines that have been on exhibition are being returned to their homes. The sum of $10,000 was asked for the blue Persian cat Trixie, owned by Miss Angelina Jay, which won the gold medal of the National club, two silver medals, and two money prizes, but there were no takers. For Mrs. William Herring's Siamese Prince Chang, which took a silver medal and two special prizes, $500 was offered and refused. E. Hill's two Persian kittens brought $125 each. "Tabby Sam," owned by Mrs. Hodges, which tips the beam at 70 pounds, took the prize for the heaviest cat on exhibition. The next show will be international, although the number of cats entered for competition will be limited to 5000.

Oldest in the State.

Norristown, Pa., Nov. 9.—John Gilbert and his wife are keeping open house at their home in Gilbertsville, this county, to-day, in celebration of the fact that they are the oldest surviving married couple in the Keystone state. They were joined in wedlock on Nov. 9, 1825, hence it is 68 years since these two aged hearts were united by marital ties. Strangely enough, Nov. 9th is also Mr. Gilbert's birthday, so he is likewise celebrating the 90th anniversary of that event. Mrs. Gilbert will reach the same age on March 9th, 1894. Eight of their ten children are living and participating in the celebration to-day. The old man is as frisky as a youngster, and worked all the summer in the hay and harvest fields, while his venerable wife took care of the housework.

The Costa Rica Outrage.

La Libertad, Honduras, Nov. 9.—The firing upon the American flag by the commander of the port of Amapala on Monday is deeply regretted by the whole population. It was all done by President Vasquez' direct orders, such was his keen desire to get hold of his old enemy, Polycarpo Bonilla, who was on the Costa Rica, but he now throws the entire blame on the commander of the port of Villila. The steamer City of Panama, for the safety of which fears were entertained, is reported to be safe. Twelve Krupp shells burst near her during the firing from the fort. The captain has made a protest to the authorities. United States Minister Baker, who was on board the Costa Rica at the time, has gone to Acajutla that he may meet P. M. B. Young, United States minister to Guatemala and Honduras, who is on board the United States warship Alliance.

Royalty Spilled.

Vienna, Nov. 9.—Archduchess Stephanie, widow of the Crown Prince Rudolph, and Countess Palffy, while driving through Luxembourg, were thrown from their carriage at the outskirts of the city. Both sustained a severe shaking.

Supposed to be Cholera.

Lisbon, Nov. 9.—A suspicious disease, supposed to be cholera, has broken out at the Cape Verde islands. Several deaths have occurred among passengers on a steamer which recently coaled at that port. The steamer arrived here yesterday and was quarantined.

To Save the Spaniards.

Tangier, Nov. 9.—Emissaries of the Sultan of Morocco, who have arrived in this city, report that the Sultan is about to proceed to the Riff country to enforce order among the tribesmen who are fighting the Spaniards.

Poisoned Porter.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 9.—Michael Toole, living at West Third street, brought home a bottle of porter last night, which he had purchased at a liquor store on Broadway, South Boston. His mother and his sister Maggie, aged 25, drank some and both died shortly after. Michael was arrested.

McKinley's Majority.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Official returns from three-fourths of the 88 counties give unofficial figures of McKinley's plurality as 83,791; majority over all, 30,000. Senate stands, Republicans, 25; Democrats, 5. House of Representatives, Republicans, 80; Democrats, 21.

An Effectual Cure.

Mount Holly, N. J., Nov. 9.—Edward Hubbs, of Medford, a small village six miles from here, on Tuesday night took part in the Republican rejoicing over the result of the election, and during the evening drank too much. He subsequently called upon his fiancee, Miss Mary Norcross, who was shocked at seeing him under the influence of liquor and refused him admission to the house, and told him she would have nothing more to do with him. Hubbs went away without a word, returned home, got a revolver and shot himself in the head. He died a few minutes afterwards.

Annie Pixley Dead.

London, Nov. 9.—Annie Pixley, the celebrated actress is dead. Cholera is supposed to have caused her demise, but it was learned later that brain fever was the cause.

TOO MANY DEATHS.

A Benefit Society That Has Suffered Considerably Lately.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 9.—Members of fraternal, or assessment insurance companies throughout the country will be interested in the forthcoming annual session in this city of the National Fraternal Congress, and which is composed of the supreme officers and delegates of all secret organizations having insurance.

Since the beginning of the year the mortality among some of these organizations, despite the fact that no epidemic or unusual sickness has prevailed, has reached extraordinary dimensions, and in one organization at least, which boasts of a large membership, no less than six double assessments have been made during the spring, the death list having been heavier than during the terrible epidemic of la grippe. Much of this mortality has been among comparatively new members, irregularity or carelessness in the matter of expert medical examinations being thus apparently demonstrated. There is considerable alarm over these developments among the members of different societies, who argue that if these conditions prevail in a comparatively healthy period, bankruptcy will inevitably follow a serious epidemic, and the conditions that have brought about this state of affairs will be thoroughly ventilated at the congress.

Quebec Legislature Opened.

Quebec, Nov. 9.—The third session of the eighth parliament of the province of Quebec opened here this afternoon with the usual ceremonies attending such occasions, the weather being exceedingly bright and mild. An unusually large number of people turned out to witness the opening. Several ecclesiastical and civic dignitaries occupied seats in the council chamber, which was also very well filled with the elite of Quebec society.

Killed by a Runaway.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—A fatal runaway accident took place last night about 11 o'clock. J. La Flamme was driving a cab belonging to a master carter of Chaboille square cab stand when the horse ran away. In a collision with a telegraph post the carriage was smashed and the driver badly injured. He was sent to the general hospital, where he died at 2 this morning.

Bread Going Down.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Many bakers of the city have decided to reduce the price of bread from 15 cents to 13 cents a loaf.

The Riffians Called Off.

Madrid, Nov. 9.—It is announced today that the sultan of Morocco has acceded to the demands of Spain for reparation for attacks on Melilla by the Riffians. The sultan has ordered the Riffians to cease hostilities against the Spanish. If they refuse he will send an army against them.

An Ocean Trolley.

It is pretty well understood that the limit of speed in ocean steamers is about reached if the present models are adhered to, and that if there is to be any gain in swiftness it must be by the trial of a new form. The difficulty, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, is to devise a vessel of which the structural strength will be great enough to carry the massive engines requisite for increased speed and at the same time to resist the force of ocean storms. If the sea were calm there would be no difficulty in increasing the speed of the ocean greyhounds, but with the tremendous force of waves and storms it is not possible to do this with the present models.

It is not impossible that the solution of the problem lies in the submarine ship, and that the passenger steamer of the future will go under water instead of across its surface. The advance made in the planning and working of submarine boats in the past ten years makes this seem not wholly impossible, as it must have looked once; and there is no doubt that freedom from the effects of surface storms would allow of a swiftness which could hardly be arrived at on the surface. It might also solve the question of seasickness, as it is probable that submarine locomotion would be much smoother and less disturbing to the stomach than the present method of travelling. All that one can say, however, is that we shall se what we shall see.

Perhaps the steamer of the future will be operated on a trolley by means of a submarine cable. The advantages of this plan would be great, as it would obviate the necessity of carrying immense quantities of fuel and of keeping the vessel loaded down with enormous engines. All the delay and difficulty and expense of managing furnaces on board ship would be done away with by the oceanic trolley system, and the ship could be so much lighter that it could go whizzing across the ocean in a couple of days. Danger of accident could be brought to be no greater than it is at present by having a sufficient number of repair steamers on the route, which could keep the cables in repair, and in case of any accident to the trolley could bring the passenger boat into port or put it again in connection with the cable.

There can be no question that the proper means of crossing the Atlantic swiftly is by some system which will allow the motive power to be supplied from the shore, either by a trolley or by a cable. The limit of speed for ships that carry engines and fuel is certainly practically reached on the surface, and there are difficulties in the way of submarine navigation which it would be hard to conquer. The trolley system is capable of great extension, and we may live to go to Europe by its means.

BRITISH IN INDIA.

Indications That the Natives are Becoming Restless.

SEVERAL SERIOUS INCENDIARY FIRES

Great Destruction of Military Stores at Peshawar.

Another Attempt to Set Fire to Government Stores at Rawulpindo—The Punjaub Ready for the Spark of Mutiny—The Insurrection Would Probably be Far-Reaching in Its Consequences.

Calcutta, Nov. 9.—It is the general opinion that the natives of India are growing restive under British rule, and it is believed it will take only a small spark to kindle a fire of revolution that will be far reaching in its consequences. There recently occurred at Peshawur, capital of the presidency of the same name, in the Punjaub, a series of alleged incendiary fires which resulted in great loss of military stores. Peshawur is on the Afghan frontier, and an important strategic point. Rumors are current to the effect that attempts were made at Rawulpindo, another important point, to set fire to a government store.

Anarchist Anniversary.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Whether or not the great anarchist celebration planned for next Sunday, the anniversary of the execution of Spies, Parsons and their associates shall be allowed to proceed, is a question giving the police concern. The programme includes a procession through the city to the Grand Central depot where trains will be taken for Waldheim cemetery. Hitherto these processions have been orderly, but in view of the fact that the city is at present without a municipal head, it is regarded as doubtful whether the anarchistic element should be allowed to show itself in organized demonstration. Exercises at the cemetery cannot be prevented by the local police force, as it is outside the city limits. None of the men recently pardoned from Joliet penitentiary by Gov. Altgeld will take part either in the procession of the exercises. The question of issuing a permit for the parade will not be decided until to-morrow.

Death of a Ruffian.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 9.—Charles McCafferty, the turf man, accompanied by his wife and a party of friends, took an electric car on their way to the theatre this evening. Among the passengers was Charles Collins, a barkeeper at the East St. Louis race track. On the viaduct the trolley slipped off the wire, bringing the car to a standstill. Collins began swearing at the management of the street railway, using vile language. McCafferty remarked that it was ungentlemanly to use such language in the presence of ladies. Collins then offered a surly apology. Later, when the McCafferty party were on the street waiting to change cars, Collins made a violent attack on McCafferty with a knife, whereupon the latter drew his revolver and fired five shots into Collins' body, all taking effect. Collins died shortly afterwards.

Kept Secret Twenty Years.

Portland, Maine, Nov. 9.—Railroad and business men in this city were astounded yesterday when it became noised about that William Mondy, an old Grand Trunk man, who died last month, had for 20 years deceived his wife. He left a fortune estimated at $50,000, and also a widow and an adopted daughter, Wm. Mundy, a Chicago engineer, claims the whole fortune for himself and his mother, Mrs. William Mundy, of Hamilton, Ont. He said the dead Mr. Mundy was his father, notwithstanding the fact that the names were spelt differently, and that he deserted his mother 20 years ago. Both Mrs. Mondy and Mrs. Westcott, the adopted daughter, admit that the dead man once lived in Hamilton.

Killed by a Trunk.

Boston, Nov. 9.—Herdic driver John Wiley, of Charlestown, was killed in a rather curious way while carrying a trunk down stairs on his back at Portland street. He lost his footing and fell headlong. The big trunk rolled over him in the fall. His neck was broken, causing almost instant death. He was 65.

American Dispatches.

New York, Nov. 9.—Captain Curtis, the oldest captain of the Ward line, commanding the steamship Yucatan, died yesterday of apoplexy.

Deming, N.M., Nov. 9.—A largely attended convention composed of representative citizens of this territory, Arizona, Western Texas and the state of Chihuahua, opened here to-day in response to a proclamation issued by Governor W. T. Thornton for the purpose of considering the irrigation subject and to agree upon some plan looking to the development of the agricultural, viticultural and horticultural resources of the region in question. It will take several days to clear up the programme that has been laid out.

Denver, Col., Nov. 9.—Senator Teller predicts the ultimate success of the silver cause and scores the eastern press, which, he says, is owned by banks and trust companies, and sees nothing but the immediate future. Referring to the tariff, he says the recent elections may scare the Democrats off, but nothing would change Cleveland.

The Riffians Ask Peace.

Madrid, Nov. 9.—A despatch from Melilla says the Riffians besieging the place have sent a delegation to the governor asking for peace. The delegation declared the Riffians were famished and their ammunitions nearly exhausted. The Sultan of Morocco is at Uxda, near Melilla. This perhaps accounts for the submission of the Riffians.

BRAZILIAN MONARCHISTS.

Dom Pedro's Son-In-Law Ready to Obey a Call.

Paris, Nov. 8.—Admiral the Comte d'Eu, Dom Pedro's son-in-law, who is a candidate for a new throne in Brazil, returned to his home in the suburbs late last week, and on Monday gave his first reception. He lives in the village of Bologne sur Seine, just outside Paris. Since the emperor's death the count and countess have continued their Monday receptions whenever they were in town. The Monday's receptions were not given for many months before the present rebellion in Brazil. The imperial princess was in good spirits. The haughtiness which rendered her so unpopular in Rio de Janeiro has been toned down somewhat. Her husband, with his usual urbanity, turned off every reference to politics. Several attempts were made to draw from him opinions on current events in Brazil, but he frustrated them all. Chevalier de Guimaraez, the family's political adviser, was less reticent. After allowing himself to be led into a discussion of affairs in Brazil, he said substantially: "Ever since the imperial family left Brazil they have not changed their policy of holding aloof from politics. Comte d'Eu has known nothing of Admiral Mello's or any other insurgent's plans. He desires that his name be in no wise connected with the present course of events in the republic. The revolutionists have received from him neither money nor encouragement. Should the Brazilian nation, however, at ever call upon the family to resume the reins of government, I do not doubt that the princess and her husband would do their duty."

The United Press correspondent has learned from another source, which there is every reason to regard with confidence, that the Comte d'Eu's private secretary has been in Brazil for some time, avowedly to visit his relatives, but really to ascertain whether the majority of the people would respond to a proclamation calling upon them to recognize the princess' right to the throne. The secretary will arrive here within a few days to report as to the results of his mission. What he says will probably determine whether or not the count and his wife will give their support to the Mello party in Brazil.

SLAUGHTERING THE MATABELE

Englishmen Winning Plentiful Laurels in the Undress Campaign.

London, Nov. 8.—A special dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Johannesburg says Capt. Kirby, telegraphing the news of the fight between the column and the Matabele, says that Major Adam and Commander Roafe are surrounded, and that reinforcements are required quickly. Capt. Kirby also reports that disagreements have sprung up among the commanders. The dispatch adds this latter report is not confirmed. The enemy consisted of two large regiments who attacked Major Adams' column, which was strung out in a long line. The Matabele swooped down on the rear, hoping to take the English by surprise and overcome them before they would have time to rally.

The English, however, were prepared for such an attack, the Khamas south having warned Major Adams of the approach of the enemy. The rear guard dashed to the defence of the wagons almost at the moment the attack was made, while, at the same time, the advance guard turned their backs to aid their comrades. Selous was in the thickest of the fight and fell while aiding in the defence of the wagons. His wound was dressed and he remounted his horse and continued fighting. The fire of the Matabele was wild, but the English fire told severely on them. The Khamas suffered most, mut were reinforced by troopers, and they drove the Matabele off. The latter lost more than 60. The number of wounded was large. Four of the Khamas were killed. Gamba, a son-in-law of King Lobenguela, commanded the Matabele. Major Adams says Lobenguela is now between the Port Charter column, commanded by Major Forbes, and the Port Tuli column. The Port Charter column consists of 250 mounted men with two Maxim guns, which are supplied with galloping carriages, and one seven-pounder Armstrong mountain gun. Commander Roafe shares in the command of the Port Tuli column.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News a Brief Item From Various Parts of the World.

London, Nov. 8.—A Monaco correspondent writes that James Gordon Bennett entertained the Grand Duke Alexis, of Russia, at luncheon aboard his yacht Namouna last Friday. The Namouna went in the morning from Villa Franca to Monaco to take the grand duke aboard and returned in the evening.

Paris, Nov. 8.—The Russian squadron will remain at the Piraeus until November 15th, when it will go to Smyrna and the Dardanelles. Upon arriving at the Dardanelles Admiral Avelan will board the Sultan's yacht and go to Constantinople. It is also asserted that two ironclads will leave Cronstadt shortly to reinforce the Mediterranean squadron.

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 8.—The defeat of the opposition in the Newfoundland elections is becoming routine. The assembly now stands: Government, 13; opposition 4. Hon. Mr. Woods, surveyor-general, has been re-elected. St. Johns city elected three government members and one opposition. Monroe, one of the opposition leaders, was badly beaten.

London, Nov. 8.—The returns issued by the board of trade show that during the month of October the imports increased £630,000 and the exports decreased £550,000, as compared with the imports and exports of the corresponding month of last year.

Rome, Nov. 8.—A private telegram reports that the municipal authorities of Syracuse, Sicily, have resolved to offer the Italian government a part of the harbor of that port to accommodate German warships in case Germany requires a naval station in the Mediterranean.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—United States Ambassador White received yesterday an address of thanks from the Russians to the American people for aid extended to the starving people of Russia during the recent famine.

London, Nov. 8.—It is said in Roman Catholic circles that the Archduchess Stephanie, widow of Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, will receive the next golden rose of virtue from the pope.

Madrid, Nov. 7.—Discontent over the situation at Melilla is growing. The latest reports state that all the forts, including Melilla, are practically besieged. The provisioning of the troops requires repeated engagements and involves serious loss of life.

London, Nov. 8.—A dispatch from Lisbon says official confirmation has been given to the report that the rebel warship Republica rammed and sank the government transport steamer Rio de Janeiro off the Brazilian coast late in October. The transport carried 1,300 troops, all of whom went under with it. The Rio de Janeiro was on the way from Rio Grande do Sul to the capital when the Republica made the attack.

Paris, Nov. 8.—Premier Dupuy is said to have taken steps to create a ministry of public health. Dr. Brouardel, a member of the National Committee of Public Health, is expected to be the first minister in the new department.

Manchester, Nov. 8.—In the course of his speech in Free Trade Hall to-day, Hon. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, declared that the government would not whittle one iota from the home rule bill or any other bill.

London, Nov. 8.—Hon. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, spoke at Free Trade Hall, in Manchester, this evening, before a large and sympathetic audience. He made a general defence of the policy of the government. The ministers, he said, do not intend to set out a cast-iron plan for dealing with the Matabele until they should receive proper information on which to base their policy. They had tried from the outset to preserve the peace, because "unholy was the voice of thanksgiving over slaughtered men." Sir Henry Loch, governor of Cape Colony, would send for the government's approval or disapproval any proposal which should be made for a settlement of the South African trouble.

London, Nov. 8.—Few members were absent from the house of commons this afternoon. The motion to consider the employers' liability bill, as amended in the standing committee, was to be debated, and it was thought possible that the government might be deserted on a motion to recommit the bill to a committee of the whole house. The proceedings, however, were exceptionally uneventful. The bill in question is intended to increase and make sure the claims of workingmen upon the employers in whose service they are injured. Walter McLaren, Radical for the Crewe division of Cheshire, moved the amendment in which the ministers' peril, if there be any, is supposed to lie. His proposal was that workingmen, under certain conditions, should be enabled to exempt themselves by contract from the provisions of the law, notably wherever their interests are assured by funds to which the employers contributed. The government opposed this amendment, and many Conservatives opposed it. The debate was adjourned.

AMERICAN MONEY MARKET.

A More Encouraging Outlook at the Opening of Business.

New York, Nov. 8.—Speculation at the stock exchange during the greater part of the day was strong. At the opening the market fairly boomed and the first transactions were generally at 1-2 to 1 1-2 per cent. higher than on Monday. There was a sprinkling of orders from out of town accounts, and the "bears" were all so more disposed to "cover" up. A number of these operators were frightened by the strength of the market and the purchases for out of town and London accounts. The demand was not confined to any special group, and the railways and industrials alike moved up. Late in the day London sold part of the stock purchased in the morning, and this, with other realizations, brought about a re-action. In the early advance, which ranged from 1-4 to 2 1-4 per cent., Rhode Island, Northwestern, St. Paul, Burlington & Quincy, St. Paul & Omaha, Delaware & Lackawanna, New Jersey Central, Northwestern and Louisville&Nashville were the most prominent. After this rise the market receded somewhat, but in the last hour American Sugar and Western Union loomed into prominence, the former rising 3-4 to 102 1-8, and Western Union, 2 3-8 to 89 5-8. The general list moved up in sympathy, but just at the close sugar rose 2 3-8 to 99 3-4, and Distillers' 1 3-4 to 30 5-8, and the other prominent stocks 1-4 to 1 1-4 per cent., closing rather weak. The net gains for the day in the leading hours were 1-4 to 3 3-8 per cent. The total sales were 306,145 shares. Closing bids: Atchison, 19 7-8; Burlington & Quincy, 85 3-8; Canada Southern, 51 1-2; Canadian Pacific, 73 3-8; Central Pacific, 19 1-4; Chicago, Cincinnati & Columbus, 36 1-4; Delaware & Lackawanna, 172; Erie, 14 1-4; Wells Fargo, 120; Great Northern, preferred, 110; Lake Shore & Northern, 48 5-8; Missouri Pacific, 27 1-4; New York Central, 103; Northeastern, 32 5-8; North American, 5 1-4; Northern Pacific, 7 1-8; Northern Pacific, preferred 22; second, do., 104; Oregon Navigation, 25; Oregon Improvement, 11 1-2; Pacific Mail, 18 1-2; Rio Grande, 20 3-4; Rhode Island, 68; Southern Pacific, 18 1-2; St. Paul, 65 3-8; Texas Pacific, 7 7-8; Western Union, 88 3-4.

Self Supporting Women.

There are in the United States of America among women, 110 lawyers, 165 ministers, 320 authors, 588 journalists, 2061 artists, 2066 architects, chemists and pharmacists; 2016 stock-raisers and ranchers, 5134 government clerks, 2438 physicians and surgeons, 56,800 farmers and planters, 13,182 professional musicians, 21,071 clerks and bookkeepers, 144,650 heads of commercial houses, 155,000 public school teachers.

In Massachusetts there are 300,000 bread-winning women, of whom Boston has 20,000. In New York there are 200,000 working women and girls. The American Cultivator gives the following figures based upon the census of 1890: In Germany there are 5,500,000 working women; in France, 3,750,000; in England, 4,000,000; in Austria-Hungary, 3,500,000; In America, 2,700,000; making a total in five countries of 19,450,000 self-supporting women.

In the industrial field woman labors under great disadvantages. She has no capital to begin with, and to earn her own capital under the present rate of wages is plainly impossible. Even man cannot do it as he once did. Small beginnings cannot survive competition with trust companies, corporations, and long-established business firms.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers. If you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Sir Charles Tupper will sail on Saturday by the Parisian.

Mr. Collingwood Schreiber says the Soo lock is one of the finest pieces of work he ever saw.

Canada is the only country which has secured an award at Chicago for a photo-topographical map.

Ottawa lumbermen are paying 75 per cent. more for shantymen that the Minnesota and Michigan men.

Samuel Houston, a sheriff's assistant left in charge of a lot of chattels near Whitby, disappeared with sixteen head of cattle and four horses.

The colleens from the Irish village at the World's Fair arrived in Montreal Friday. Lady Aberdeen will keep two of them for her Ottawa dairy.

The name of J. G. Wilson, ex-M. P. for Argenteuil, is mentioned in connection with the vacancy in the senate caused by the death of Sir John Abbott.

The leak in the Welland canal near Thorold, which has interrupted navigation for the past week, has been repaired and locking was resumed at 7:30 last evening.

Judge Elliott, whose name was notorious during the London election when the seat was stolen from Hyman, has been promoted to be a local judge of the high court of justice of Ontario.

Sir John Haggart says that the traffic returns of the Intercolonial railway continue to be of the most gratifying character. The ministers is sanguine that the result of the year's operations will be just as satisfactory as that of last year.

The chief of the Bay of Quinte Indians, Grand river Indians and St. Regis Indians met at Montreal to decide upon a platform for a confederacy of the North American Indians, independent of the United States and Canadian governments. No definite plan was decided upon.

A. F. B. Crofton, alias Butler, who was arrested in San Antonio, Tex., for the forgery of a draft on the Bank of Montreal at Chicago, was formerly a clerk in the bank at Hamilton. He left in July and went to Peterboro, where he married an estimable young lady named Smith.

James E. Steen of the Winnipeg Commercial says Hugh John Macdonald did not resign because of the arduous nature of the duties which his position imposed, but because he was not satisfied that the government were giving the west, and Winnipeg in particular, its due share of patronage. Macdonald was a strong believer in the Red river improvements, but for some reason or other the government failed to take any action thereon.

Hog cholera has broken out in the quarantine yards at Point Edward, and the government veterinary inspector has notified all transportation companies that until further notice he will not accept any consignment of swine. The animals infected are the property of Messrs. Brethour of Burford and Featherstone of Guelph, and comprised their exhibits at the World's Fair. It appears that while being loaded at Chicago for their home the swine came in contact with a number of diseased American animals. A number have died in Point Edward yard and others are badly affected.

A Young Canadian Author's Success.

Gilbert Parker, in his latest novel, the Translation of Savage, tells the story of a young Englishman of aristocratic birth and education, who in a moment of pique marries an Indian girl of the Hudson Bay country and sends her home to his family. The Chicago Lamp gives this gossip of the author:

Until Gilbert Parker, in his remarkable short stories published under the title "Pierre and His People," indicated the undeveloped mine of material for romance that lay buried in the records and traditions of British America no writer of note had expected its existence, and Canada was almost an unknown land to readers of fiction. When he began working that mine fame followed his efforts as quickly as wealth ever came to the accidental discoverer of a mineral bonanza. His rise was rapid and his stories were soon in demand everywhere by publishers.

The delightful Parables of a Province quickly followed Mr. Parker's first group of stories, and soon he issued a novel, "The Chief Factor," in which he invested the early history of the Hudson's Bay company with the glamor of romance. The Illustrated London News is now publishing another novel of his, "The Trail of the Sword," and the English Illustrated Magazine will soon publish another, "A Pardonable Liar." Besides these romances he has done work in the field of dramatic literature, wherein he has achieved more than ordinary success.

Mr. Parker is but 32 years of age and was born in Canada. His father was a British artillery officer who went to the Dominion in the early thirties with Sir John Colborne. The son was educated at Trinity college, Toronto, and at one time thought seriously of entering the Episcopalian ministry, but gave up the idea to follow his bent for literature. He lectured for a time on literary subjects at Toronto university and then went to Australia, where he spent several years in the employ of the Sydney Herald, travelling about among the islands of the South Seas, and studying the condition of life in the southern hemisphere. The results of his travels he embodied in two books, "Round the Compass in Australia," and "Below the Sun Line."

Three years ago Mr. Parker went to London, where he has since devoted himself almost entirely to fiction. He has not permitted himself to be carried away by his sudden popularity, but keeps ever in view the value of quality as distinguishing from quantity in his literary work. After having written a story "in the heat," as he expresses it, he lays it aside until he has grown cool and cynical in regard to it, and then goes over it all again with an unsparing pen.

Royal in Deeds.

One of the best friends the English working women possess is the Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein. The Schleswig-Holstein part of her title, however, is purely honorary, for the princess makes only an occasional visit to that country.

The great hobby of the Princess Christian is nursing. She is honorary president of the Royal British Nurses' Association, and she attends their meetings at least once a week. The design of this association is to protect the public from unqualified and unfit nurses. To belong to the association a woman must possess a certificate showing two or three years of training, and it must also be demonstrated, that she is of good character, and is kind, sensible and faithful.

The idea of the association was suggested to the princess by an emergency to the royal family. Some one was taken ill just when the nurses detailed to care for the Queen's family were all engaged on cases in the Queen's immediate household. A new nurse was summoned, and, while she wasn't exactly a Sairy Gamp, she proved so incompetent that the Princess Christian not only hoped it wouldn't happen again but made up her mind that it shouldn't if she could help it.

Another interest of this royal lady is her floral charity. Attached to her home is a conservatory in which are grown the flowers of all nations. Edelweiss, such as Prince Bismarck sends daily to his wife; Scotch thistles, Irish shamrocks, German corn-flowers, and the wax flowers of the Mediterranean are all in Princess Christian's conservatory.

Every morning, accompanied by her gardeners, she goes into the conservatory and has all the flowers cut that they may be sent to the sick people in her employ, and, in fact, all the neighborhood. It is said that there are touching scenes when her messengers visit the cottages of the foreign peasants carrying the native flowers of the inmates.

One does not need to be ill to gain the kindly aid of the princess. Capable girls who appeal to her for needlework are sent, free of charge, to the royal schools of embroidery and sewing, where a pupil is paid for her work while acquiring new arts. If a young woman wants a position in a good family she has but to make her wants known to Princess Christian and she is sent to a housemaids' training school, from which, if she is capable, she can go at once to a good position in some excellent English household.—New York Sun.

Mr. A. D. Leonard

Of Utica, N. Y., suffered severely from Liver and Kidney troubles, causing great pain and

That Tired Feeling Other medicines failed to do him any good, but so successful and satisfactory was Hood's Sarsaparilla that he has taken no other medicine and is now well. The best known **kidney and liver** remedies are so happily combined with tonics and alteratives in

Hood's Sarsaparilla

that it is an unequalled remedy for all troubles with these important organs, overcomes That Tired Feeling and **makes the weak strong.**

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

The Ideal Food for Infants!

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT

[Registered.]

MILK GRANULES.

The Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk

It is the solids of pure cow's milk of the very best quality so treated that, when dissolved in the proper amount of water, it yields a product which is practically identical in composition, re-action, taste and appearance with mother's milk. It is absolutely free from starchy matter, which is present in barley, flour and other infant foods, and contains no glucose and no cane sugar.

Put up in 50c. Tins by

The JOHNSON FLUID BEEF Co.

MONTREAL.

NOTICE.

Thunder Hill Mining Co'y, Limited.

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 44 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., on Tuesday, the 5th December, 1893, at 8 p.m.

Objects—Reorganization, and disposition of the Company's property, and generally, the Company's affairs.

By order of the Board of Directors.

S. ASPLAND,
Secretary.

Nov2-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldram for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Stelly to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Stelly to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STELLY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

o9-1m

—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

Real Estate.

Lots 120x50, $125 per lot, good land.
One acre blocks, $350 per acre, good land.
Five acre blocks, $100 per acre, close to the Station on good and level land.
Lots, $50 per lot.
Thirty acres (11 acres bottom land cleared) with fine water front, splendid investment, $100 per acre.
One hundred acres, only $25 per acre.
Good farm, sale or lease.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BR. SHIP FORMOSA.
Capt. Kain, from Liverpool.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel without their written order.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
Agents.
o3

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

British Barque
FORMOSA
From Liverpool.
WM. KAIN, Master.

This vessel will commence discharging cargo at Rithet's inner wharf, Wednesday, Oct. 4th. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof, respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
Consignees of Vessel
Victoria, Oct. 3rd, 1893. o3

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE
135 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land only acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Vpply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 52 Third street Victoria

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE
Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler.

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO
MANUFACTURERS,
TORONTO, - - ONTARIO.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—or—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street Victoria.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Applicants.
a29-tf

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders.

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and spongeiness.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $25 per barrell of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.
se28

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C

Hanna & Taylor
Successors to Lockhart & Co.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa, B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.
Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on the 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Assignees.
Oct6-tf

Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 9th November, 1893.

WILLIAM REDAY TULLOCH.

AUCTION SALES.

Re A. J. SMITH ESTATE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

TO BE SOLD BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE VALUABLE

SAW MILL PLANT

Together with the Sashes, Doors, Etc., Etc., now in the Mill. Situated on Erie Street, James Bay, Victoria. Further particulars and date of sale will be announced.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer, Victoria, B.C.
oc31-tf

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Has been instructed by Mr. Andrew Ohlson to sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION
at the
OAKLAND NURSERY
—ON—
Friday, November 10th, 1893,
at 11 o'clock a.m., a fine assortment of
FRUIT : : : ORNAMEN'L SHADE : : : TREES
NOW READY FOR
FALL PLANTING.

FRUIT—Apples, 20 varieties; cherries, 6 varieties; plums, 10 varieties; pears, 6 varieties; apricots, peaches, quinces, gooseberries, raspberries, currants, rhubarb.
SHADE TREES—Maple, elm, birch, Mountain ash, chestnuts, tulip, lindens, locust, poplars, sumach, oaks, sycamore, etc.
EVERGREENS—Laureis, spruce, juniper, box, cedars, hollies, laurustienus, flowering shrubs, etc.
ROSES—Fifty choice varieties dwarf roses, 2 and 3 years old.
TERMS CASH.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.
b4-16

Postal Cards of the World.

It seems almost incredible that there should be 8,000 varieties of postal cards, but that is the extent claimed for the Watson collection. These, however, include various issues of the same nation and denomination and also cards used for special occasions. Potal cards have been in circulation a little less than 24 years. The idea originated with Dr. Emanuel Hermann, a professor of national economy at the Imperial Academy of Wiener, in Neustadt, Lower Austria.

His ideas, under the head of "New Means of Correspondence by Post," were published and attracted the attention of the government officials. The director-general of posts took up the idea and succeeded in having an issue of postal cards put in circulation in 1869. The original name given to them was the "correspondenz karte," and this has been retained ever since. This new move on the part of Austria quickly excited other countries to adopt a similar method of correspondence, and before the close of 1870 nearly all the European countries were using postal cards.

Germany was really the second country to use them, and a special series was issued to the soldiers engaged in the Franco-German war. These were called the field-post correspondence cards and were sold unstamped to the soldiers at the rate of about five for a cent. The soldiers had the privilege of using them without paying postage. Another series was issued for civilians. These had a place left for a stamp, and the writer had to affix a German postage stamp to the card before posting. The field post cards are now rare, the used being scarcer than the unused.

Another card of equal rarity, and also a reminder of the same war, is the balloon postal card, issued by France during the siege of Paris. The cards were sent up from Paris in balloons, and the mail bags were thrown off into the surrounding country, where there was the least possible opportunity of their capture by the enemy. They were smaller than the postal card now in use, and were covered with war-like expressions, as "Paris defies the enemy!" "Glory and conquest signify crimes, defeat signifies hate and a desire for vengeance." "Only one war is just and right—that for independence."

The United States was rather backward in adopting the postal card system, and did not use them until 1873. The first issue printed was of reddish color, with the head of Liberty in the right-hand corner. As a rule, Uncle Sam's cards have been inferior to those of other countries in excellence of engraving. The designs also have not been very artistic. The blue card bearing the portrait of General Grant is the finest specimen of art work issued by the United States government. The issue of cards in three sizes, an innovation begun in this country, has met with favor. Another new idea in postal card invention is the return card, or double card, hinged by a fold on the length, so that the addressee has but to separate it and send it back.

France is to adopt an interesting new scheme in postal cards, issued in the form of check books with stubs, so that a verified record can be kept.—The Collector.

Northern Pacific Fast Time.

Commencing Sunday, October 1st, the Northern Pacific Railway will resume its double train service from Portland to St. Paul and Chicago. Both trains will be equipped with Pullman's latest drawing room sleepers, Pullman upholstered tourist, magnificent dining cars, and elegant high-back coaches, affording a quick and most enjoyable trip across the continent. Rates, time tables and general information will be cheerfully furnished upon application to E. E. Blackwood, agent

KING LOBENGULA.

The Ugly and Bloodthirsty Ruler of Matabeleland.

The king of Matabeleland, Lobengula, is a decidedly interesting subject. From an article in the Review of Reviews the following descriptions are taken:

An anonymous writer describes Lobengula as follows:

His features are aquiline, but very coarse and sensual, and in repose they exhibit great craft and cruelty. But his smile quite changes the character of his face, so child-like and sweet is its expression. His natural disposition is not cruel; but the continual exercise of almost unlimited power over the lives of others has engrafted in it a love of bloodshed. The annals of his domestic policy are written in lines as bloody as are those of his foreign conquests—brothers, sisters, nephews, nieces, friends, have all fallen before his ruthless hand.

In the same sense writes Mr. Maund, who has certainly had good opportunities of forming an opinion. He says:

King Lo Bengula is by no means so black as he is painted (I mean in character.) I must differ from those who say he is "deadly cruel." We must not judge him by our standard. He has to govern a turbulent people, who do not know the value of life. Speaking to me one day of killing, he said, "You see you white men have prisons and can lock a man up for safety. I have not. What am I to do? When a man would not listen to orders I used to have his ears cut off as being useless; but whatever their punishment they frequently repeated the offence. Now I warn them—and then a knobkerried man never repeats his offence." This, for a savage was fairly logical. It may appear to us cruel, but remember how short a time it is since we hanged for sheep stealing, and I certainly the savage execution with the knobkerrie is not so revolting and is less painful than a civilized execution refined with electricity. A blow on the back of the head and all is over. I have now paid him three long visits at a trying time and I must say that throughout he has behaved splendidly to the white men. I only judge him by his acts. Constantly he used to send me oxen and sheep, keeping me supplied with them for months.

On the other hand, Mr. Thompson gives a ghastly account of the way in which Lobengula sometimes inflicts torture. The writer says:

I remember once when I was waiting for an audience I saw a man brought in who was guilty of having drunk some of the king's beer. It was at the time of the great dance, when for a month there is special license, and when any one carrying beer about is likely to have it raided. But this man had loved toll on the king's beer when it was being carried by the king's women. The poor wretch was brought before the king. He was horribly afraid. His eyes stuck out of his head and his knees knocked together as he tried to make obeisance. The king bade them hold him fast; then he said, looking the culprit up and down: "You have a nose and a mouth and two ears and two eyes. You have used your nose to smell king's beer" turning to attendants—"cut off his nose!" They cut off the man's nose. "You have used your mouth to drink king's beer; cut off his mouth!" They cut off the man's lips. He was a horrid sight. Lobengula waited for a moment. Then he said deliberately: "You have heard that it is not allowed to drink king's beer; but your ears are no good to you." Off went the poor wretch's ears. He looked at the king with a look dreadful to see. "Your eyes—cover up his eyes," shouted the king. "Put his forehead over his eyes that he may not see king's beer!" And they cut the forehead off the man and turned down the flap of skin as a surgeon might turn it, so that it hung over his eyes. Then the king looked at the man for a few minutes and the man grovelled before him in the dust, until suddenly the king fell into a rage—perhaps he was ashamed of himself—and bade them beat the man with logs of wood. They beat him within an inch of his life. At last the poor wretch mustered strength to crawl away, like a broken snake, along the ground; and he went and lay under a wagon until nightfall. Then he went down to the stream to bathe his wounds. He came close past my wagon, and you never saw such a ghastly sight as he was. The flap of skin hung over his eyes, but it was dried and stark.—In Afrikanderland.

This story is well told, and there seems to be no doubt that however Lobengula may be personally, he is as indifferent as a schoolboy to the pain which he inflicts or a scientific vivisector is in torturing a frog. It would, however, be a mistake to judge him by our standards. There is no reason to believe that he is more indifferent to the infliction of torture and death than the men in the midst of whom he lives and was brought up. Like the emperor of Russia, he had no ambition to occupy the throne; he accepted the position philosophically, but in the opinion of Mr. Maund he would much rather be a farmer than a king. The first-born, Kuruman, disappeared, and hence in Matabeleland, as in Russia, the second son came to the throne. As king of Matabeleland is one of the largest stock owners in the world, as the whole kingdom may be said to be his ranch. A writer in the South Africa says:

The king is one of the most intelligent men in his nation. His memory is prodigious, and when he chooses to exert it he has great tact and natural politeness. He has social qualities, too, and likes a good hat. He often unbends with his courtiers; but they are ever on the qui vive to say only what they know will please and are careful never to contradict him. The duties of the king are no sinecure. He is the most hard-worked man in the nation. From morning till night he is hearing reports from all parts of his dominions, arranging the settlement of difficult law cases, judging criminals and transacting farm business. He is a farmer on a gigantic scale, for he has the control and management of all the nation's cattle. He is the centre from which everything radiates and to which all things converge in Matabeleland. The destruction of an impi, or the death of a calf at some cattle post, are alike reported to him with minutest details.

The author of "Matabeleland and the Victoria Falls" gives a very bright picture of the scene in the king's kraal when Lobengula is receiving visitors. He says the scene with the king sitting on his biscuit box would make a picture:

The setting sun; the dark green trees beyond the kraal and the green walls of the newly erected kraal; the yellow beehive like huts; the yellowish trodden grass in the space; the herds of goats and sheep, with lambs and kids and packs of dogs crowding around the king's wagon; the group of natives, some all but naked, some adorned with feathers, some with a single article of European dress, as a hat, crouching on their haunches, forming the court of the black king; tusks of ivory lying about. To complete the picture, a white trader or two should be introduced, not above crouching before his sable majesty, who sits there in his broad-brimmed black felt hat, pipe in mouth (a small briar root, worth perhaps 2d. at home).

Lobengula smokes constantly, using great quantities of Boer tobacco. In fact, he may be said to live on beef, beer and tobacco. Mr. Thompson gives the following account of his diet:

In the early morning, if the weather be cold, he takes a pannikin of black coffee, well sugared. Between this and about 11 o'clock he may have a few drinks of beer. At 11 he has breakfast, which consists of grilled or steamed beef, with beer afterwards to wash it down. Occasionally he may have a small dish of mashed pumpkin or beans, or some other vegetable, placed before him. He has similar courses for dinner about 3 p.m.—that is, if he wants any dinner—and supper at 7 p.m. Before breakfast he washes his hands and face, using soap, in a basin, which is brought to him by one of his slaves. After his ablutions another slave brings forward the meat, which is draped on a large wooden ashet, which the slave holds, kneeling, in front of his royal master till he has finished. He picks out the dainty bits, and throws the remainder either to his dogs or slaves. He uses a knife, and his fingers usually serve the purpose of a fork, although I have seen him use the latter instrument occasionally. After feeding, instead of wiping his greasy fingers with a table napkin, he rubs them over his bare arms and legs. Lobengula does not require a tonic to assist his appetite. To his meat he seldom uses salt, the gall of the animal, which is poured on the meat when put into the pot, serving that purpose. It is also supposed to make the meat tender.

Although he drinks quantities of beer, he takes no spirits, and all the champagne which is given him he hands over to his wives, of whom he has comparatively few.

Honeyed Sweetness.

It is said that when the great philosopher Plato was an infant a swarm of bees alighted on his lips, indicating the honeyed sweetness of the eloquence that flowed afterwards from them.

We have all heard of the honeyed sweetness of Harvard bronchial syrup and the great love that the children have for it. We also know the great effectiveness of this cough remedy in the home. Wise and prudent mothers always have a bottle of it at hand for emergencies. Croup, hoarseness, whooping cough and colds cannot run riot when Harvard bronchial syrup is used a few times. The children never refuse to take it; the little ones look for it when they suffer and will have no other. Physicians daily recommend Harvard bronchial syrup in their practice; they know its composition and are satisfied regarding its effects. Mothers will do well to provide themselves with a large 25c bottle for use at this season. A dose given at the right time may save some little life.

RAVENS TOOK HIM FOOD.

As They Nourished the Prophet of Old —Strange Developments.

Government Detective Rogers has returned to Toronto after investigating the circumstances of the disappearance of the 4-year-old son of Joseph Rochon, of Schrieber, near Fort William, and relates the following particulars of the discovery of the child:

"A week ago Saturday two hunters who were shooting on one of the mountains near Schrieber had their attention attracted by a flock of ravens, which croaked as dismally as did Shakespeare's raven on the chimney top when crook-backed Richard was born. There was such a multitude of the uncanny-looking birds hovering around that the hunters repaired to the spot to see what their action portended, and came across what they thought to be a sleeping child. The babe was reclining under a fir tree on a bed of pine needles, which had been scraped into a heap. One arm rested under its head, the hair from which fell curling in long, bright strands, while the two big eyes, like twin wood violets, looked upwards as if to pierce the canopy made by the shadow of the sooty wings of the birds. At first the hunters thought they had arrived just in time—that the ravens had carried to them comfortable tidings as they did in the ark. On coming closer, however, they say that it was the infant's passport to another world the sad presaging birds had tolled in their hollow beaks. The child was dead. Did they bring food, as did Elisha's raven? Close beside the bed of pines on which the lad was reclining was a large collection of wild fruits, which would seem to indicate that, although he perished of hunger, the ravens had brought food, as they had nourished the prophet of old.

"On arriving at Schrieber the hunters notified Hotelkeeper Rochon, and he at once started off with a number of others, only to find his surmises correct. The dead child was his son. A short distance from the body the lad's clothes were found, neatly placed in a pile. He had been in the habit of undressing himself at home, and after wandering away from the Finlander and climbing up the mountain side, he had gathered the pines together for a bed, undressed himself and lain down to what proved his last sleep. Four or five safety pins, used to fasten his clothing, he had stuck in the front of his blouse, as was his usual practice.

"All the circumstances tended to corroborate the Finlander's story that after starting out to bring the cows home he had told the little fellow to go back. A short distance further along the highway there are two forks. The Finlander took the northerly one. The little fellow must have followed behind and taken the south fork and wandered up the mountain side until the curtain of night descended and the hours of darkness overtook him. The body was not discovered sooner, for the reason that it was not supposed that the child would climb the high hill. The valleys had been searched by hundreds of anxious fathers. Detective Rogers will report officially that the child met its death accidentally."

Wood's Sarsaparilla has cured many afflicted with rheumatism, and we urge all who suffer from this disease to give this medicine a trial.

AFFAIRS IN HAWAII.

The Political Situation—Labor Question —The Miowera's Fate.

Honolulu, H.I., Nov. 1.—Chief Justice Ide and Land Commissioner Chambers, who passed here by the Mariposa en route to Samoa, are authority for the statement that Cleveland will recommend a sort of protectorate for Hawaii under the form of a new treaty, which will be sent to the senate next December. Mr. Chambers made the statement that Cleveland will recommend to the provisional government that an election to settle the form of government under the treaty should be held, with an income qualification fixed at $1,000. When the matter was brought to the attention of President Dole and the members of the government the opinion was expressed that such an arrangement would be satisfactory. Chief Justice Ide confirmed the statement made by Mr. Chambers, and intimated that the United States did not intend to let go of either the Hawaiian islands or Samoa. This was Cleveland's Pacific policy, and would be carried out to the letter.

The Planters' Labor and Supply company met the day before yesterday and adjourned to December 4 to give planters from the other islands time to get here. The delay is caused by the sugar crop coming off earlier this year by a month than usual. The secretary stated that important questions would come before the present meeting and a full attendance was desired. It is believed that the question of Chinese labor and its relation to annexation will be discussed at the meeting.

The attempt to float the Miowera made by Captain McDowell by the aid of Samson posts has failed. Captain Metcalfe, the agent of American Lloyds, is now here taking steps to remove her. He is driving piles on her broadside, and will endeavor to pull her off that way. He claims McDowell erred in towing from her bow, and that she can only come off as she went on. The agents of the steamer are doubtful of the success of the plan.

The treasury surplus continues to increase, and is now upwards of $160,000.

Leading royalists claim that they have received semi-official advices from Washington to the effect that the ex-queen will be restored within a limited period. They are very confident their news is genuine.

American News.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 8.—Early this morning, freight train No. 40, bound east, and a work train going west on the Detroit, Lansing & Northern railway came together at Delta, four miles west of this city. A number of employees were severely, but not fatally injured. P. Casman, of Lansing, and Timothy Mulcahy, of Williamson, were the most seriously injured. The engineer lost his bearings in a heavy fog and passed Delta, where he had orders to stop, without knowing it.

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—The whaling barks Reindeer and Hunter arrived from the Arctic this morning. They bring no news of interest.

New York, Nov. 9.—Congressman Thos. Reed was in the city last evening on his way from Washington to his home in Portland. Concerning the result of Tuesday's elections he said: "It is certainly a wonderful victory, and so universal that it may safely be regarded as a full popular expression which will do the country much good. It will affect even the committee of ways and means."

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Grant, widow of General Grant, arrived in this city yesterday from Santa Barbara. Mrs. Grant was accompanied by her son, Ulysses Grant, and his family and several other members of her family and a few friends. Mrs. Grant has made arrangements to spend two years in southern California, and has chosen Santa Barbara as the place of her residence. The party will probably remain in the city for a week, and will then return to Santa Barbara.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—A Rock Island passenger train, leaving the union depot at 5:50 p.m., struck a suburban train at 71st street. The rear car of the suburban train was wrecked, and it is reported that three persons were killed and twelve to fifteen injured.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS.
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14 YARDS CANTON FLANNEL $1.
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12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.
12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.
12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.
12 YARDS FLANNELETTE $1.

6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.

12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
12 YARDS TOWELING $1.

15 YARDS WHITE CALICO $1.
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WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
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WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
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CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.
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CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.

GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.
GREY BLANKETS $2 A PAIR.

WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.

BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.
BED COMFORTERS 75c. EACH.

WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR

A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.
A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c A PAIR.
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Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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Neuralgia and Lumbago Permanently Cured in a Few Minutes.

Eye Water Formula by late Sir Henry Marsh, Her Majesty's physician, better than any eye-glass; sure cure. Price, 25 cents.

Toothache (Hollow Tooth) Cure, almost instantaneous and permanent, no pain. Price, 50 cents. Apply to Prof. Tottenham, 56 Pandora street, Victoria. AGENTS: The leading druggists in Victoria. Messrs. Shotbolt, C. E. Jones, R. J. Atwood and C. H. Bowes.

NOTICE

An ordinary general meeting of the Shareholders of the Royal Canadian Packing Co., Limited Liability, will be held at the office of the company, 64 Yates street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 14th November, at 4 o'clock p.m.

FRED J. CLAXTON,
Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., November 4th, 1893. td

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to William Joseph Phillips of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1893.

ROBERT DUDESON,
HARRY BRICE.
Nov8-1m

A Novel

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3 1/3 cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

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To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send, post-paid by mail, Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

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Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDE FELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will greatly oblige us by calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filled pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

VETERINARY.

D. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. M. C. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wenda, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Brays Livery 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy4-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience). The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oc7

MADAM LAIRD, Teacher of Vocal Music in all its branches. For terms apply at studio, 161 Vancouver St., corner of Pandora.

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, 'Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sept22-3m.

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC 228 Yates Street, opposite High School. MISS M. B. SHARP, Principal. A full and efficient staff of teachers in every department. Sight singing classes and lectures free to pupils. Applications must be made to principal.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next post office. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

S. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja13

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. J. A. BROWN, Secretary. 1y26

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 139, G.R.B. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFENDNER, K. of R. & S. oct3

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to His Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping promptly filled at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B. C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Ghass Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-6-w

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street. Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Springs, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

Just arrived from Holland A Fine Lot of— BULBS, Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Snow Drops, Narcissus, And Many Other Bulbs. Funeral Designs and Cut Flowers on reasonable terms. WM. DODDS, FLORIST, oct3-1m 97 Fort Stre

AMUSEMENTS.

THURSDAY NEXT, NOV. 9 at 8 o'clock p.m. CONCERT —AND— DRAMATIC REPRESENTATION ROB ROY (TWO SCENES) 1st.—Baillie Nicol Jarvie's House, Salt Market. 2nd.—Glasgow Tolbooth, with Chorus, Hark! Hark! 'Tis the Midnight Hour." In Institute Hall, View Street. TICKETS 50c. n6-td

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—House and lot in Victoria, or acreage in vicinity, value about $2000, exchange for cleared land with buildings inside city, suitable for vegetable garden. Address "Rustic," Times office. n3-3t

WANTED—In private family, room and board for boy, aged 12 years. Address, L.E.F., Times office. Nov8-2t

WANTED—Position as Housekeeper by a middle-aged person; is good cook. Address Mrs. McM., Times office. Nov8-2t

WANTED—A Partner, with $1000 capital, to keep accounts and attend to counter in first-class Restaurant doing splendid business, which will bear close investigation. For further particulars apply to A. W More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—Two storey house on Frances Avenue, 5 rooms; cheap at $900, payable $100 cash and balance to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

WANTED—Employment (manual or otherwise) by Englishman; experienced store manager, book-keeper, teacher, etc., C., Times office.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply 75 Johnson St. n6-6t

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

WANTED—Furnished house; cottage preferred; location if possible eastern portion of city. Address Drawer 29, Victoria. n3-tf

PRACTICAL NAVIGATION TAUGHT by Captain J. Nickells. Terms, etc., on application at E. & N. R.R. boat house. Nov. 1-1m.

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-20t-o11

FOR SALE—Lot No. 1218 in the city of Victoria, B. C., with house thereon numbered 34 Collinson street. Apply to Belyea & Gregory, or J. C. Prevost. o27-1m

FOR SALE—Two lots in Victoria West. Enquire at Half Way House. o14-1m

PIANO TUNING—Room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder will please return to Times office. s27-tf

TO LET—Two good bedrooms for gentlemen, and housekeeping accomodation for a married couple at Miss McCandlish's 63 Superior street. s27-tf

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER. 72 Yates street. Oc.17

Ask for 'GRANBY' Rubber Boots & Shoes.

Why Worry? Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable? If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means. F. W. NOLTE & CO., THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort Street.

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

Look Out for Your Gums.

"People are losing their teeth from a new cause nowadays," said a dental surgeon. "It is a complaint which seems to have become common only within the last fifteen years or so. 'Recession of the gums' it is called. Tartar is deposited at an abnormal rate, and this carbonate of lime secreted from the saliva pushes the gums back from the teeth. After a while if nothing is done to prevent it, the trouble gets as far as the sockets, which become inflamed. Finaly the teeth fall out.

"A well known statesman came to me fourteen years ago with a bad case of the disease. Every tooth in his head was loose, and one of them was so far gone that I took it between my thumb and finger and quietly lifted it out. Within three months I had fixed him up so that all the rest of his dental equipment was perfectly solid in his jaws. It was accomplished simply by removing the destructive tartar and preventing it from accumulating again; also with the aid of a little medicine applied to the gums. The distinguished patient of whom I speak comes to me every two or three months and undergoes a little treatment. In that way I have been able to keep his teeth for him thus far.

"It is a very peculiar disease. In a case so far advanced as the one I have described it can hardly be cured. That is to say, the tendency to an accumulation of tartar cannot be stopped. All that can be done is to prevent it from accumulating by scraping it away at intervals and by medicinal applications to the gums. In an early stage, however, the complaint is perfectly curable and the tendency in most cases can be overcome. But much care and continual attention are required. Otherwise the person will have lost some of his teeth by the time he is 40 years old, and after that the rest of them will go rapidly. The making of false teeth has arrived at great perfection, but at best they are poor substitutes.

"As I have said this may be regarded as a new disease. At all events, it is only in recent years that it has become prevalent. It is important that people's attention should be called to it. From 7 years to 20 care should be taken of the teeth lest they decay. There is little danger of that after the twentieth year has passed. But from that time on one should look out for tartar. A mouth affected in the way I speak of is almost worse than a badly decayed mouth. The trouble means certain loss of the teeth unless looked out for and treated."

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THE WEEKLY TIMES

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The Daily Times.

FARMERS AND THE TARIFF.

As the Colonist has expressed admiration for certain remarks offered by the Winnipeg Free Press on the subject of the tariff, it may also feel inclined to give its opinion on the following utterances of the same paper: "Sir John Thompson is not responsible for all that has been done in the past thirteen years to suppress the views of the farming community. He has joined those who are so responsible, and theoretically shares their blame, but in political matters this theory cannot in fairness be pressed to its logical conclusion. The present condition of affairs casts sufficient responsibility on Sir John. He knows without the aid of the diluted information of the two gentlemen who are masked with the title of comptrollers, that the farming community of Canada requires a large reduction of the tariff. Just as he knows that an influential section of the manufacturers are violently opposed to this. The tour of his two comptrollers through Ontario, like that of his two colleagues through the Northwest, has not been to obtain information—for the country is ringing with that—but to combat objections to the tariff, to appease angry supporters, to nonplus opponents, and generally to conduct a preliminary campaign with a view to the next elections. Any of Sir John Thompson's Northwest friends could, and would, have told him in a single letter the precise wants of the farming community of Manitoba and the Northwest. The question is not what are they? but is the government prepared to meet them? The Empire says: 'This is business.' So is a Cheap Jack's auction. The Empire's remark has no meaning. It would be far better if Sir John Thompson would avow his preference for the N.P. or his disapproval of it, and without any pretence shape his course accordingly. The attempt to run with the hare and hunt with the hounds will not only lead to discomfiture, as it always does, but it is hardly treating with respect those who have made considerable sacrifices to keep Sir John's friends in power. Whatever cloak may be borrowed for the moment will be ruthlessly stripped off when parliament meets, and by shilly shallying now the government will alienate a number of their friends and weaken the allegiance of a good many more. It never was more necessary than at the present time to declare under which king service is to be taken."

IT WAS A REPUBLICANS' DAY."

The Republican gains in the state elections were greater than we were led to infer from the incomplete news received by telegraph. Governor McKinley's plurality in Ohio was something over 80,000, instead of 8,000, and the legislature of that state is overwhelmingly Republican. Massachusetts gave the Republican candidate for governor a majority of about 30,000, while for the two previous successive terms she elected a Democratic governor. Her legislature has always been Republican, however, and Mr. Russell's personal popularity largely influenced the gubernatorial contests. Pennsylvania gave a larger Republican majority than usual, apparently on a straight party fight. One of the most noteworthy incidents was the defeat of Governor Boies in Iowa, which indicates a decided revulsion of feeling in that state. The New York contest, as already explained, was complicated by the revolt of decent Democrats against the "machine," and there is no means of knowing what would have been the issue if this had not occurred. It may be accepted as settled, however, that the northern states showed a decided tendency to favor the Republican side. This tendency is no doubt due to prevalence of "hard times," which always works against the party in power. Whether the financial and commercial disturbance will last long enough to affect the next presidential election is a question that the Democrats now earnestly ponder.

A cable dispatch to the Globe says: "The tariff reform movement in Canada is beginning to attract the attention of the press here. The Times, in to-day's fortnightly article on colonial affairs, records the general conviction in Canada that the government must make some concessions to the general demand. The Times also says the two parties will run each other very closely at the next general election. The government, therefore, needs in the meantime to make all the way it can with the electors. The Times endorses the producers' contention that if say they sell £100 worth of goods for export and receive only £50 in exchange, owing to the tariff, the manufacturing interests will endeavor in vain to prove that prices are no higher in Canada than elsewhere. It has been for so long seriously contended that a certain percentage of protection is necessary that there is hardly a loophole to escape from the conclusion that foreign goods could come just so much cheaper."

Winnipeg Liberals have chosen ex-Attorney-General Martin as their candidate in the approaching bye-election. Colin H. Campbell, a prominent barrister, is the Conservative candidate. Both men are strong personally, and the contest is likely to be a keen and close one, though we should suppose that the government side has the advantage, as it has in all bye-elections. In fact, the government cannot afford to lose in Winnipeg, for defeat there would be a strong indication of coming disaster. The contest will be comparatively brief, as the 22nd is election day.

Dr. Cameron, the Conservative M. P. for Inverness, Nova Scotia, is a protectionist who believes in protecting. Recently he said: "We must protect every industry, or we cannot protect any. It is protection that the country wants, and that is what the government must adhere to." If any attempt is made by the government to reduce the tariff, the doctor thinks, the whole protective system must be abandoned. Dr. Cameron's breezy frankness shows quite a refreshing contrast to the trimming policy of his leaders.

The Vale of Andorra.

The good bishop Urgel, who exercises supreme authority in the vale, has vetoed as satanic the introduction of telegraphs and telephones into that primitive region.

The Vale of Andorra is, as most readers are probably aware, one of the three really happy and contented states in Europe. The other two are the principality of Monaco and the small republic of Saint Marino. Andorra, which figures as a mere speck on the maps, sands between France on the north and Spain on the south and is reckoned by those who have seen it one of the most charming spots in the Pyrenees. There are 9,000 inhabitants, who, with a few exceptions, are either shepherds or cultivators of the soil. "The Emperor with the flowing beard"—Charlemagne—gave them their autonomy, and most admirable has been the use they have made of their liberty. The state is governed by a council composed of twenty-four members elected each year, and from among the elders in the community he who is considered the wisest and is the most respected is chosen as president for life.

It appears that the state has been free from crime since the end of the seventeenth century, and when that matter is alluded to by any of the inhabitants they invariably make the sign of the cross. The particular crime appears to have been the result of a love affair. All public duties are performed gratuitously, with the exception of services rendered by the two notaries who practice there, and who obtain payment when they are employed; but pray think of it, only two notaries in a population of 9,000.

The head of every family, whether represented by father or eldest son, is supreme. Either the one or the other is implicitly obeyed, and it has always been the custom in patriarchal families. Andorra is too near to the Spanish frontier for its inhabitants to have entirely escaped the influence of pride of caste which characterizes the former nation. Indeed, there is no prouder race in the world than the Andorrans; they could give points to the noblest hidalgo. The Andorran's word is his bond, and one might very naturally ask, what can the two notaries possibly have to do? The men are all soldiers, but in their annals, which are all in manuscript, there is no mention of any battle having been fought within the last ten centuries. They tell the time principally by sun dials, and do without actors, brokers and policemen.

The impression produced at sight of the magnificent pine-capped mountains in the Vale of Andorra, split up here and there by torrents which come rushing down their sides and form in their base two rivers, the Ordino and the Embalire, is one of enchantment. The lowlands of the valley, bordered by gigantic chestnut and walnut trees, are rich in crops of golden corn, among which the vine and olive trees spread their twisted branches. Herds of cattle browse on the green plains, the snow white fleeces of the sheep shining like silver beneath the rays of the setting sun. Intersecting streams are redolent of trout; and any quantity of game—grouse, partridge and other birds, fly unconcernedly within a stone's throw of human beings, as if they were never interfered with or had never smelt powder, which probably they seldom or never have. It has been said that if the half tame bears of the Pyrenees were only bold enough, they would put in an appearance in the square opposite the church of Andorra and dance to amuse the children.

It is in this arcadian spot that enterprise is naturally anxious in view of progressive eventualities of erecting telegraph poles and affixing wires, which, at all events, for the present, could serve no useful purpose beyond providing a perch for the numerous birds flying about the country. Moreover, where it is a question of directing the electric current, a circumference of a few hundred miles more or less in transit can make no difference. Owing to its geographical and pastoral conditions the Vale of Andorra has prospered outside the stir and turmoil of a busy world, satisfied with its own traditional history and unregretful of having no glorious deeds to record.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Action of the Miners—Five Bad Boys Publicly Flogged.

(Daily Free Press.)

H. Forester had his thumb badly bitten by a dog last evening, causing him no little inconvenience.

There have been as yet no entries from outside teams for the B. C. Challenge Cup. The time for entering closes on the 18th inst.

D. C. McKenzie returned from the east last evening. Whilst in Toronto he passed the necessary examination entitling him to an undertaker's diploma.

Myrtle lodge, K. of P., has leased the spacious hall on the third story of the Free Press building and there in future will the regular meetings be held.

At the regular meeting of the Miriam Rebekah lodge, No. 3, I. O. O. F., held last evening, one lady was duly initiated. It was also arranged to give a social entertainment in the hall on Tuesday, Nov. 21st.

W. K. Leighton has been appointed agent for the Great Northern railway in Nanaimo. R. C. Stevens, general passenger and freight agent for the road, was in town last evening to make arrangements with Mr. Leighton.

J. Quine, the present captain of the Hornets' Rugby football team, is leaving Nanaimo, having accepted a position on the SS. Empress of Japan. All football players will regret his departure and his loss to the Hornets will be hard to replace.

J. A. Williams and J. L. Scanlan returned from China creek last evening, where they have put in a month working on their claim. They have driven a tunnel fifteen feet, and find the further they get in the better the ore looks. Messrs. Williams and Scanlan will return shortly and will probably work all winter on the tunnel.

Capt. eWedon's many friends will be pleased to see him again in town. The bark Seminole, of which he has long been master, arrived in Departure bay this morning from Santa Rosalia, New Mexico. It is a little over two years since Capt. Weedon sailed from this port last. The Seminole loads a cargo of Wellington coal for San Francisco.

Messrs. Simpson & Simpson received a cablegram this afternoon from Tom Kitchen, who is now in London, England, stating that he would shortly be back in Nanaimo well supplied with cash to satisfy his creditors and help forward the advancement of Nanaimo and the outlying districts, in which he always took such a keen interest.

The Free Press has been informed that the parties owning the lot at the intersection of Chapel and Church streets, opposite the Free Press block, will in the early spring commence the construction of a three-story brick block (with basement) thereon. The ground floor will be used for stores, but no decision has been arrived at in regard to the second and third stories.

Charles A. Mee, general manager of W. S. Patterson's general bailiff and detective agency, was in town last evening. He has been engaged by the Pharmaceutical Society of British Columbia to investigate the reported extensive sale of drugs by unlicensed parties in the province. Mr. Mee went down to Victoria this morning but returns to-morrow to make inquiries here.

It is understood that work is to be commenced right away on the erection of the proposed telegraph line to Alberni. The new line will connect with the present line to Comox at French creek. The work will be done by the Dominion government. This will be welcome news to the Alberni settlers and proves that the importance of the recent gold discoveries in that vicinity has been realized by the powers that be.

Nanaimo has once more a morning paper—the first issue of the Nanaimo Telegram appeared this morning, with Mr. W. J. Gallagher, of the late Vancouver Telegram and Monitor, as manager and editor. It is an eight-page form but only slightly larger than the Free Press. It will be Conservative in Dominion politics, and judging from its editorial expression will support the provincial government. It has the best wishes of the Free Press for its success.

A special meeting of the committee of management of the Nanaimo Equitable Pioneer Society was held last evening to make arrangements for the opening of the proposed butchering department. The tenders for the building were opened and the contract awarded to F. Strain. The secretary was instructed to advertise for a competent manager of the new department. It is the intention of the society to have this branch of their business in operation as quickly as possible.

A number of the old hands left the district seeking work at Union or the Sound collieries. Among many of the men the opinion prevails that Mr. D. Chandler will accede to their demands and that their present idleness will not be of long duration. On the other hand it is known that Mr. Chandler can fully supply the orders of the customers in San Francisco without working the East Wellington mine, and as the demand for coal is at present dreadfully slack, he may conclude that to have the coal underground is more to his advantage than to consent to the raise asked for by his employees.

The right reverend lord bishop of Columbia went up on the SS. Joan this morning to Comox. His lordship will visit Union and the surrounding settlements, spending several days in the district. On Sunday Bishop Perrin will preach in the Comox church. This being the first visit of the bishop to Comox he will be tendered a reception, for which extensive preparations have been made. His lordship returns by steam launch as far as French creek on Tuesday, where he will spend a day. On Wednesday evening Bishop Perrin will lecture in St. Alban's Hall, this city, taking for his subject "Temperance."

The Free Press has been requested by several of the old-time Nanoose and Englishman's river friends of John Green, to state it was with a feeling of horror and regret that they read of the terrible tragedy at Savary island whereby their friend and fellow settler met an untimely death. They say that no doubt he had a rough external appearance and somewhat eccentric character, but with all that his heart was in the right place, and he was always ready to do a good turn to his fellow man, as very many could and would cheerfully testify. No person ever went hungry from his cabin, for he was liberal to a fault. John Green came from Virgina City, State of Nevada, and settled at Nanoose Bay in 1871. A few years afterwards he sold out and went into partnership with the late John Hirst at Englishman's river, in the property now known as the Hirst farm.

Next Saturday afternoon the Hornets play the Vancouver Rugby football team and the match will be a good one. The following is the Hornets' team and it will take the strongest combination the Terminal City can get together to beat them: Adam Thompson, full back; C. Bamford, E. B. Drummond, J. H. Hawthornethwaite and J. Quine, three-quarters; J. Dixon and Joseph Neen, half backs; M. Duffey, W. Edwards, C. Chearwood, J. Wilson, G. Lester, Martin Woodburn, R. Thompson and C. H. Barker, forwards. S. Wilcox, V. Stewart and W. Millar are reserves. E. B. Drummond is a new arrival and a welcome one. He played last season for Victoria, and is a strong three-quarter back.

The investigation by the school trustees of the mischief perpetrated at the girls' school on Sunday morning by a number of small boys was held this afternoon, those present being: Dr. Praeger, chairman; Ald. E. Quennell, Ald. Cocking, Ald. Frame, Ald. Ganner, the chief of police, the city clerk, the offenders, their parents, and Miss Lawson, principal of the girls' school. Miss Lawson related to the trustees the particulars of the damage done and the things stolen, as appeared in yesterday's Free Press. The boys were examined and found equally guilty, though all tried to lay the blame on each other's shoulders. The question of what punishment should be inflicted was next carefully discussed, with the result that the trustees decided to have the guilty ones publicly whipped then and there. This punishment was duly inflicted, doubtless with good effect upon the youngsters. At the special request of the trustees and the parents, the names of the offenders have been omitted from this report.

Work will be resumed at the New Vancouver Coal Co.'s Northfield mine, which has been idle for the past week, to-morrow morning. S. M. Robins, superintendent of the company, has held two conferences with the miners' committee, and this morning an arrangement was made whereby the men return to work. A representative of the Free Press interviewed Mr. Robins this afternoon with regard to the settlement effected. Mr. Robins said that he had been anxious to give Northfield men employment. They had worked very little during the past few months owing to the small demand for coal from that mine. By an arrangement effected at his meeting with the miners' committee the men will resume work to-morrow morning, and though there was no present demand for the coal, the company would endeavor to keep the mine going three or four days a week, stacking the output. When the 20 per cent. reduction in the wages of the Nanaimo miners was enforced three months ago, the Northfield miners were reduced 10 per cent. They were now returning to work, Mr. Robins said, on a 5 per cent. reduction. The day hands will be paid at the same rate as the Nanaimo men.

Paris Cabmen.

"With 5,000 cabmen on strike and a torrid temperature, the state of things in Paris is anything but agreeable to the multitude of people who cannot or will not walk a greater distance than from the Madeleine to the Opera, writes a Paris correspondent of the St. James' Gazette. Even in the ordinary times, when the 5,000 cabs now laid up are in movement, the omnibus accommodation is quite inadequate; at present it is worse than useless, except to those amiable people who never use bad language or even think of it, and who are contented to sit an hour or two in a sliding bureau d'omnibus patiently waiting until their number comes to the top. But anybody with a restless mind, although he may have wooden legs, would prefer walking two or three miles to undergoing the purgatorial misery of waiting to get a place in an omnibus during the present crisis in locomotion.

To the Parisians this crisis is far more serious than a score of the ministerial kind would be. We have already had an opportunity of knowing what life in this city without cabs means; but the cochers have never before chosen such a warm time for leaving the public in the lurch. Great, however, as the discomfort is that they are causing, they are doing a great deal of good without intending it. People in Paris have a tendency to grow too fat, and the common explanation given is the lack of exercise and the Horatian zest with which they enter into the pleasures of the table. The English who come here say that the greasy cookery must be the cause of it, although the most of them do not know what greasy cookery really is unless they have travelled in the south. Whatever explanation may be given of the obesity that overtakes so many persons here before they are middle-aged, and which is particularly disadvantageous to the proverbial grace of the French woman, it is not to be questioned that the remedy enforced by the cabmen is one of the best. If the strike continues a month the Parisian bourgeoisie will then have lost an incalculable number of tons in weight. They will be the gainers by the loss, and so will the Paris cab horses, should these ill used beasts, which must now be very much puzzled at their good fortune, ever feel the too familiar wood and asphalt under their feet again.

The Paris cabman who has brought about this perplexing state of things is a character to be studied, for there is no other Parisian type more original or more amusing. In the first place, he is one of the best actors to be found off the stage. Who has not enjoyed the comedy of an apparently furious quarrel between two Paris cabmen over some question of the road. Before their vituperative eloquence that of billingsgate would be weak and ineffectual. Their language ought to be shocking even to horses' ears, but its figurative vigor is always amazing. It is a vituperative duel in which the imagination as well as the memory is exercised to the utmost. The epithets are supremely comic because they are so absurdly inapplicable. And the action that is thrown in—the flourishing of arms and whips, the wriggling and rolling upon the box seat, the twisting of the lower jaw, the exhibition of teeth and tongue, and the tugging at the bit of the unfortunate horse—the only creature that suffers physical violence from the combat, however furious it may raze—is the perfection of low comedy. And the Parisians have it every day—when the cabmen are not on strike—and they pay nothing for it.

At Russell & McDonald's, Ladies' walking hats, 75 cents.

THAT COUGH

Can be cured
By London Hospital Cough Cure.

COCHRANE & MUNN,

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Construction of the new marine slip at Esquimalt has begun.

—Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—The seized steamer Ina will be sold by the government on Nov. 16.

—Second-hand marble mantels, doors, windows, etc. Shore's hardware.

—Samples of new steel plate calendars for 1894 can be seen at J. Johnston & Co.'s.

—The W. C. T. U. postponed the meeting called for last night till Saturday night.

—The Sons of Erin last evening arranged for a series of winter entertainments.

—Letts diaries for 1894. J. Johnson & Co., books and stationery, Government street. tf

—A boat's crew from H. M. S. Pheasant recovered the torpedo lost by H. M. S. Royal Arthur.

—The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society meets to-night to make arrangements for the annual banquet.

—Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—The annual general meeting of the British Columbia Marine Engineers' association will be held on Saturday evening.

—The Ladies' Aid of the Metropolitan Methodist church will conduct a sale of work and 5 o'clock tea on Tuesday next.

—The investigation growing out of the Masters court-martial has not resulted in anything. The whole matter will be dropped.

—Rev. A. R. Reams has been seen in Burlington, Ia. He took the name of Alberta, but his real name was discovered, and he has again fled to parts unknown.

—The Epworth League of the Metropolitan church entertained the friends of the Y. M. C. A. at that institution last evening. Games and music furnished the entertainment.

—The committee of the various local lodges of the A. O. U. W. in charge of the preparation for the annual social will meet to-morrow evening at the rooms of Vancouver lodge, No. 5.

—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Jubilee hospital held a special meeting yesterday to wind up the affairs of the recent ball. The returns are not yet in, so no statement has been prepared.

—Work will commence this morning on the new school house at St. Saviour's church, Victoria West. Sullivan & Rutter, the contractors, agree to complete the building by Christmas.

—The cobweb social at the Centennial Methodist church last night was novel and amusing. The amusement was provided by guests trying to find their way through a network of strings which had been arranged in a crib.

—Rev. Percival Jenns lectured at St. John's school room last night on "Recent Astronomy." The lecturer spoke of the progress science has made in the present century. An interesting musical programme was also given.

—Lieut. Nicholson of H. M. S. Royal Arthur will have charge of the term expired men and invalids who are to leave shortly for Halifax to meet the troopship Tyne. He will also bring out the men brought over by the Tyne.

—Sir William Wallace concert this evening in Institute hall. Two scenes will be presented from Rob Roy. The following will take part in the concert: Misses Grant, Hutcheson and Strachan; Messrs. Watson, Brownlie, Anderson, Tate and Rev. A. Chisholm.

—Charles Rush, engineer of the city fire department, and Miss Sarah Hill, of San Francisco, were married in St. James' church last night by Ven. Archdeacon Scriven. The bride was given away by her brother-in-law and was attended by her sister as bridesmaid. Chief Deasy acted as best man.

—"A Night in Old London" was the subject of a lecture delivered last evening by Rev. Mr. Cooper in St. James' Hall. There was a large attendance, and the lecture was interesting and was illustrated by magic lantern views.

—R. T. Bansbridge, of the Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, and Miss May Ann Muir, eldest daughter of A. C. Muir, chief engineer of the Esquimalt dry dock, were quietly married last evening at the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. D. McRae, in the presence of a few friends. W. J. Muir and Miss Edith Cavin supported the groom and bride throughout the ceremony.

—The teachers' institute will meet to-morrow afternoon.

—A special meeting of the city council is called for Friday evening.

—The net seized up the Gorge by the provincial police will be sold.

—Far West lodge, K. of P., will give the second degree Friday evening.

—Hon. George H. Durand of Detroit returned to the Sound last evening.

—Ald. McKillican has a notice on the blackboard at the city hall to authorize certain expenditures.

—The steamer Maude arrived last night from Alberni. A pack train of six horses has been sent to the Golden Eagle mine.

—The artillery band, under the leadership of J. M. Finn, will hold its first practice at the market hall this evening.

—Proceedings similar to those in the case of the schooner Minnie will be taken in that of the Ainoko, and her case as well will be tried here.

—The mail for New Zealand will be dispatched this month via San Francisco and will close at 7 p. m. on the 10th to connect with the steamer leaving San Francisco on the 16th.

—The Young People's Association of the Central church are preparing for the presentation of the comedy "Bardell vs. Pickwick." Walter Silliman will direct the performance. The parts have not yet been distributed.

—Ah Sam was convicted in the police court this morning of stealing the door knobs off a vacant house, 45 View street. Ah Sam pleaded that he thought they were old and not wanted. Two months at hard labor. Two drunks were discharged. First offence.

—The C. P. R. telegraph office is now open at Nakusp, B.C., the tariff being 90 cents for day and 60 cents for night messages of ten words. Offices will soon be opened at Lardeau, New Denver, Three Forks, Watson, Kaslo, Nelson, Robson and Sayward.

—George Hunt, who had charge of the Fort Rupert Indian exhibit at the World's Fair, returned from Chicago last evening. He denies the reports sent abroad in reference to the Indian dances. They were not barbarous or anything like the description given of them.

—The many friends of "Scotty," H. E. Connon's Scotch terrier, will be pained to hear of his serious illness. Scotty is nearly 15 years of age and has travelled around the world several times, and is yet one of the best watch dogs in the country. It is feared he will not survive the chilling blasts of the approaching winter.

—The sealing schooner Minnie, owned by Captain Victor Jacobsen, was seized yesterday under instructions from Captain Hughes-Hallett, of H. M. S. Garnet, for an infraction of the Behring Sea (North Pacific) Act, 1893. The Minnie was overhauled by a Russian cruiser and ordered to Yokohama. She returned to Victoria instead of obeying the orders of the Russian. The case will be tried in the admiralty court here.

—A move is to be made to consolidate the debt of the city. Ald. McKillican, chairman of the finance committee of the city council, will move at the next meeting of that body to authorize Mayor Beaven to negotiate with the holders of city bonds for their redemption. The resolution proposes to empower the mayor to redeem the city bonds from the public lighting by-law loan of '85 to the education loan by-law of '93. The consolidated bonds will run over a term of 50 years, and will bear interest at 4 per cent., payable half yearly.

—The Oscar and Hattie case has not yet been decided by the supreme court of Canada, but will be before the court adjourns. The result is awaited here with great interest. It is believed the appeal will be sustained. It was always held here that the seizure of the boat was an injustice. She did not violate the regulations by entering the waters of Behring sea with firearms and sealing boats aboard, but it was to go to Atu for water, of which she was very short, and the sealing season was over.

At Russell & McDonald's,
Men's and boys' reefer coats.

Committed for Trial.

Arthur Carruthers will stand his trial at the next assizes for murder. Magistrate Macrae committed him at the preliminary hearing of the case in the police court this morning. The courtroom was again crowded, the Celestials still predominating. There were also several of the local corps of the Salvation Army in the court room. Carruthers belonged to the Army, and they are employing counsel for his defense. The counsel for the prisoner is Mr. Hall, and Geo. Powell has been engaged by the Chinese to see that justice is done their alleged murdered countryman. The evidence taken was almost the same as that taken at the coroner's inquest. The three principal witnesses are Chinamen. Dr. Harrington told the court that death was caused by a blow from a blunt instrument. Chief Sheppard told the story that Carruthers told him when first he was arrested. Mr. Hall objected and a note was taken of the objection. Mr. Hall did not cross-examine the witnesses, the defence being reserved for the trial. Th hearing lasted till nearly 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

BY REQUEST

PARIS PANELS will remain at the reduced price ($6.00) for ten days after the ball. **Skene Lowe,** Photographer.

SIT IN EVENING DRESS

ANNIE E. PAINT.

A Hunter Lost in a Fog in Behring Sea Sues for Wages.

Stipendiary Magistrate Macrae, sitting in the provincial police court, gave judgment in the complaint of Butcher vs. Marvin & Co., owners of the sealing schooner Annie E. Paint. It is probably the first time that a complaint of the kind has been made and as the decision is of great importance to sealing men and one, moreover, from which no appeal lies, the main facts bearing on the case are given.

On the 13th day of February last the complainant, Butcher, shipped as a seaman on the schooner Annie E. Paint, at $30 a month. On April 28th he with a hunter left the schooner in a boat for the purpose of hunting seals. The morning was very foggy and after going 15 miles they found it impossible to return to the schooner and after being out in an open boat for nearly 50 hours were picked up by the schooner Walter E. Earle and arrived in Victoria in the month of July last. The complainant claimed wages from the time of the commencement of the voyage until the return of the schooner Annie E. Paint on September 12th, in all $182.50. Messrs. Marvin & Co. offered to pay him the sum of $31.10, being for services rendered up to the date the seaman was lost but this he refused to accept—hence the litigation.

Arthur Davey (from the office of J. P. Walls) appeared for the complainant and argued that the contract was for the entire voyage and therefore indivisible; that at common law the complainant was entitled to the wages of the whole voyage unless he forfeited them by some act of his own and that as his right was not taken away by the "Seamen's Act" it still stood (citing Ralston vs. Barss, 1, N. S. R. 75); that there was no negligence on the part of the complainant as he had left the ship under lawful orders and was under the commands of the hunter.

S. Perry Mills, who appeared for the defendants, argued in the first place that the contract was divisible and the wages became vested monthly (Button vs. Thompson). Marvin & Co. were willing to pay complainant for the time actually served until he was lost at sea. The complainant had notice of the fog and if he proceeded too far he must be considered to have lost himself by his own neglect or want of skill. The Seamen's act did not expressly provide for a case like the present one. There was no neglect on the part of the schooner. The master did everything in reason to attract the attention of the men in the lost boat to enable them to return to the schooner.

The magistrate stated that he did not consider there had been any negligence on the part either of the schooner or of the complainant.

Mr. Mills—Then if there was no negligence on either side I submit that the seaman was lost through the fog,—vis major, or the act of God. In that case the misfortune must be borne by the party on whom it happens to light.

Mr. Davey—Button vs. Thompson did not apply as it was a case where complainant was left on shore through his own negligence, desertion it might be called. The court there held that he was entitled to wages up to the time he was left on shore. In the present case there was no negligence on the part of complainant.

The magistrate, having taken time to consider, decided that justice would be done by paying the complainant for services actually performed by him and gave judgment for $31.10.

After delivering judgment the magistrate congratulated Mr. Davey on the able manner in which he conducted the complainant's case.

At Russell & McDonald's.
Scotch tweed, 50 cents a yard.

Beal Repents His Sins.

Charles Beal, steward of the Champion, who did not report when that vessel left port for the south, and who is much in debt to several city merchants, was found by two of his creditors at Goldstream yesterday afternoon. The creditors were wide awake business men and drove out to interview their debtor to see if he had any money left. They found Beal, but he was practically penniless. He said he had repented of what he had done and would pay his debts in full. He had property in England and would assign it to his creditors. This satisfied the two Victorians, and they gave him a ride into town. Early this morning he gave himself up to the officers of the Royal Arthur, and will be dealt with by them for being absent from his ship without leave. The story that Beal was in Seattle is not true.

Marine

The Empress of Japan sails outward on Monday.

The City of Kingston took the freight ex Warrimoo for the Sound.

The steamship Warimoo left for Vancouver at 1 o'clock this morning.

The steamer City of Puebla sails for San Francisco to-morrow morning.

The N. P. liner Mogul is due here about Wednesday next from Yokohama.

The steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco last evening with 47 passengers and 140 tons of freight for Victoria. The Walla Walla has been in the dry-dock undergoing repairs. The Umatilla will now be docked.

The San Mateo will be temporarily repaired here and sent to San Francisco to have her damages more fully attended to. The work will be directed by Capt. J. M. Lachlan. It will require only a few days to do the work planned at present and the collier will leave immediately after for San Francisco. She will not unload any of her cargo here.

Special Bargains in All Lines for November at Russell & McDonald's.
Special bargains in dry goods.
Special bargains in clothing.
Special bargains in millinery.
Special bargains in boots and shoes.
Special bargains in rubbers.

Finnan Haddie
Finnan Haddie
Finnan Haddie

Yarmouth Bloaters
Yarmouth Bloaters
Yarmouth Bloaters

JUST TO HAND BY EXPRESS

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Marine Engineers.

The General Meeting of the B. C. Marine Engineers' Association for the election of officers, etc., will be held on Saturday, November 11. All members are requested to attend.

By order,
A. D. GODDYN, Sec'y.

td

TWO ROUGH TRIPS.

Both the Overland and Sea Parties to Alberni Pass Through a Storm.

The fastest trip ever made from Cape Beale to Alberni was made on Monday by the steamer Maude. It was not because the Maude is a very fast boat that the record was broken, but more on account of the wind, which was blowing a terrific gale from the south. The steamer got the wind abreast of the Cape about 9 o'clock and from then until she dropped anchor at Alberni she travelled very fast. When the weather is fine the trip takes eight hours. On Monday the Maude made it in just half that time, notwithstanding the fact that she had to slacken speed frequently on account of the blinding rain.

At Alberni the party who went down on the Maude met Hon. Col. Baker, who made the trip by trail. He also had some rough experiences to tell, but the wind had delayed instead of hastening his trip. Trees had been blown across the trail and the party had to cut their way through. The party joined forces at Alberni, and with a pack train of six horses left on Wednesday morning for the Golden Eagle claim.

On the way home the first officer of the Maude sighted what appeared to be the hull of a wrecked ship between Carmanah and Pachena Bay. The wind was blowing strongly at the time and the supposed wreck was not visited. The ribs could be seen standing out of the water.

At Russell & McDonald's
Rigby waterproof tweed, $1 per yard.

Change in Masters.

Lieut. J. C. Arthur, R. N. R., was removed from the command of the Warrimoo at Sydney, presumably on account of the trouble here about the landing of Victoria freight. It is said it was reported to Mr. Huddart that Capt. Arthur was to blame. The Board of Trade in their resolution did not blame Capt. Arthur. The Warrimoo is at present in command of First Officer R. E. Arundell, but First Officer Perry, being next in seniority it is thought he will be placed in command. Capt. Arthur and First Officer Perry came over on the Warrimoo.

At Russell & McDonald's,
Men's pants, $2; boys' pants, $1.25.

SPENCER'S ARCADE

QUICK TIME FROM GERMANY
ONE CASE

LADIES' JACKETS

The Very Latest Styles and Elegantly Trimmed.

Braid and Fur, Ladies' Capes, Maids' and Children's Jackets.

See Windows for Fans, Ball Dress Materials, Gloves, Etc., Ladies' and Children's Wool Underwear and Hosiery, at satisfactory prices.

D. SPENCER.

We Would Draw

Your attention to the fact that

Baby's Own Soap is the finest soap to be found for nursery use. It is the best soap known for a delicate skin. Deliciously perfumed it leaves a freshness, softness and smoothness, which makes its use a positive luxury.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL.

A Grocer With Any Sand

Will not put it into his sugar but rather into business principles. Pure sugar is a good thing to be able to sell, but much of it is adulterated in these days. The watchful grocer is careful what he buys—then he knows what he is selling.

This is the only way in which a reputation for reliability can be built up.

As in sugar, so with tea, coffee, flour, butter—everything we keep for public consumption.

We Buy the Best

Therefore,

We Sell the Best

And are satisfied with a reasonably small profit. Perhaps you know this already. Certainly you do if you deal with us.

SPEED BROS.,

Successors to J. P. Matthews,
Corner of Fort & Douglas Sts.

REAL EIDER DOWN QUILTS

What a pleasure to sleep under a real Elder Down Quilt. All warmth without that depressing weight of Blankets and cotton quilts. You can buy one at "The Westside" for

$6.90.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
Nov. 4, 1893.

—THE—
Stanley House

CENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

JUST ARRIVED a Splendid assortment of

:NEW: FURS

In all the Leading Furs And Styles

Bear Boas,
Silver Fox Boas
The Latest Novelty.
Capes,
In Mink, Seal, Beaver, Etc.
Storm Collars,
Muffs
To Match.....

A few Novelties in

CHILDREN'S FUR SETS

...FUR LINED MANTLES...

All marked down to suit the times.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

CARNIVOROUS PLANTS.

Interesting Experiments With Various Specimens of This Plant.

Nowhere is the evidence of design in nature more emphatically set forth than among certain forms of plant life which, in their various functions, seem to approach so near the animal kingdom that the observer feels that here is some strange plant animal—something that possibly might form a connecting link between the life of animals and plants.

In a close study of these plants we see many evidences of seeming intelligence that are not found in some animals, and so remarkable are the actions of certain plants that the impression is forced upon us that we are confronted with intelligence, or something strangely akin to it, shown conspicuously in the group which is popularly known as carnivorous plants, or flesh eaters.

A familiar example is the little drosera, so common in various portions of the country. The plant is small and inconspicuous. The first one I ever saw caught my eye by a sudden flash of fiery red light, and kneeling on the damp grass, I fairly caught the little carnivore in the act which has rendered it so famous. There were several tender, delicate stalks in the centre, and round about it near the ground, four or five singular, round, pad-like objects, about the size of small buttons. These were leaves, and their upper surface was covered with reddish tentacles that stood boldly up, each bearing a delicate drop of dew that gleamed and glistened in the dazzling sunlight like a veritable garnet.

Across the top of the leaves a long-legged fragile insect lay, caught but a second before, and dying a most terrible death. Five or six of the hair-like tentacles were thrown across its legs and wings, holding it down and pressing its body nearer and nearer to the leaf, while other rich, blood-red stalks were in all positions, bending over to encompass the victim. The sight was a horror in miniature, and reminded me of the actions of an octopus, or devil-fish, as the little cephalopod is commonly called. It has eight sucker-lined arms radiating from a small, bag-shaped body, and each arm has all the sinuosity, all the possibility of motion of a snake, ever undulating, quivering, as if with suppressed emotion, while over the entire mass, waves and varied shades of color seem to ebb and flow.

When the octopus captures its prey, its snake-like arms envelop the unfortunate, and wherever they touch they cling as in the case of the delicate tentacles of the plant, though in a different way.

It was most interesting to watch the immediate effect of irritation upon this little plant. In five or six seconds after a hair or tentacle was touched, it would bend in the direction, and soon others would deflect.

If a fly is caught, in a short time all the hairs turn in that direction, as though they had eyes and were seeking out the prey. Several hours are required for all the tentacles to cover the object, and then they remain until all its juices have been absorbed, when they become erect and beautiful again; a strange contrast to the reeking mass in which they have been involved, now being objects charming to the eye and attractive possibly to insect life as lures.

I tried some interesting experiments with these little flesh eaters. Dropping a minute bit of fresh meat upon the surface stimulated them to almost immediate activity, and it was evident that the presence of food was imparted to other and distant tentacles, as all began to trend in that direction. Placing a stone or small pebble upon the plant, the recognition was evident, but slower; the tentacles or arms bent over, but when they discovered the mistake, that there was no choice juices to absorb, they soon withdrew and became erect.

The little plant is a living trap. The beauty of the erect tentacles attract various forms of insect life that find too late their mistake, and are held and literally devoured by this voracious monster. The experiments which have been made with this plant are extremely interesting, showing that a process akin to digestion goes on; that the secretion of the glands dissolve various objects, as muscle, cartilage, fibrin, etc.

Among the remarkable traps of plant life the Venus's fly-trap (Dionaea) is best known. It is a native of America, having been discovered in North Carolina many years ago, and when its peculiarities were described in a paper to a European scientific society, it was considered a joke. The plant is found in low, damp places, lying flat to the ground and throwing out a number of singular leaves while from the centre rises a delicate flower-stalk. Each leaf constitutes a trap—the tip end being formed of two lobes hinged in the middle and provided with objects which may well be termed teeth.

When lying in wait, if we may use the term, the leaves are open and the teeth exposed. On the surface of the leaf, numbers of hair-like objects throw out a secretion which is very attractive to flies and other insects; in any event they are found flying about the tempting bait, being possibly attracted by some delicate odor, not perceptible to man. Finally a victim alights upon the surface of the trap. A second later it is crushed and held fast, and the terrible jaws do not open again until the entire animal has been absorbed.

Plants as traps are well represented in the curious pitcher-plants that not only devour their living prey, but entice it in various ways. The odor of many of these is not particularly pleasant, but it evidently exercises a subtle charm over various forms of insect life. The pitcher-plants attract attention at once by their remarkable appearance. As their name suggests, they are pitcher-like growths capable of holding water, and hanging pendant at the end of a leaf, they often sway in the wind, attractive and graceful objects.

Some of the tropical pitcher plants hold half a pint of liquid, and Alfred Wallace mentions in one of his works that upon a certain occasion he was obliged to resort to them for drinking water, finding it very clear and refreshing, although it was half filled with insects. In Borneo the pitcher-plants attain marvellous perfection and size—their beautiful and artistic forms hanging from the foliage in every direction. One found on the summit of Kini-balou, a lofty peak in Northwestern Borneo, and known as the Nepenthes rajah, is a magnificent natural vessel holding upwards of two quarts of water.

Another from this country has a pitcher 20 inches long, the plant alone being about 20 feet long. The pitcher is almost invariably half full of water and a mass of dead insects. They are undoubtedly attracted by the peculiar odor, are overcome by it and intoxicated, and drop in to become absorbed or digested by this singular plant. A most interesting description could be given of the number and position of the peculiar honey glands that constitute the attractions or lures to the various insects. In one form Dr. Hooker counted over 3000 of these glands on a single square inch which means a million for the entire plant.

Experiments with the pitcher-plants show that they are sensitive to the introduction of food or other matter. Thus if a stone or some inorganic object is introduced there is no response of secretion, but an increase is noticed immediately when meat, the white of an egg or some animal matter is introduced.—Charles Fred Holder.

Tom Mann in the Pulpit.

It appears that Mr. Tom Mann, whose intention of becoming a Church of England curate was announced last week, is rather in an undecided frame of mind. He does not know whether he ought to go into parliament or into the Church of England or continue as a strike originator and organizer. He has certainly got the offer of a curacy in some large town where workingmen abound. He has been a good many things, religiously, in his day, and has oscillated between such extremes as Swedenborgianism and Voyseyism. He has dreams that if he entered the Church of England he might democratise it, so "that the churches, the whole organizations of Christianity, should be at the service of the people to help on the cause of democracy." He is seriously debating with himself "whether he can get inside these churches, so as to throw them on democratic lines." Speaking in the Hackney Congregational church on Sunday, Mr. Mann said he had failed to find which church was the best to do away with existing evils. He honestly believed that religion was absolutely essential for the well-being of the community, and refused to belong to any party which did not believe in religion.

Mr. Mann, on Sunday night, in St. Thomas' square chapel, London, delivered an address on the Religious Hypocrisy of Churches, which provoked cheers and hisses from a crowded congregation. He said there were tens of thousands of young men and women who regularly attended places of worship with the best intentions. They were influenced for good or for ill—he feared in many cases for ill. (Cheers and loud hisses.) He did not find that the people who were closely identified with churches exhibited the requisite capacity to understand wherein evil consisted, nor did they show an earnest desire to uproot the evil in order that good might take its place. Goodness existed. The human heart was a good heart. There was much that was good in every human being. There was very little that was evil in the average man and woman, otherwise they would not struggle as they did year in and year out against the most adverse conditions which it is possible to imagine. These people went on struggling, working, and never enjoying anything save the reflection that they had done their best. He honestly believed in religion. Some people seemed to think he ought to apologize for daring to claim to be a religious man. He had no apology to make to any man or to any society. (Cheers.) His opinion was that many of those who attended churches were distinctly irreligious. (Loud hisses.) By heavens! they might hiss, but let them look at the destitution of the east end, at their insanitary houses, the prostitution in the streets, the misery that everywhere existed. (Cheers and hisses.) Order was the first law of nature; but where was the order of the present industrial system? Did they see the orthodox churches and the orthodox church officials coming forward because of their religion—and not in spite of it—and delving to the root of the evils in order to destroy them and prevent the possibility of their existence in the future? (Cries of "Yes" and "No.") Why did the average orthodox man and woman attend church? Not for the purpose of gathering the increasing amount of knowledge to enable them to overcome the evils which existed; but they did attend in order to fall into a little respectable niche. (Loud hisses and cries of "False.") Some of his friends were apparently getting stung! (Renewed hisses.) He reasserted that those people did not attend church for the purpose of endeavoring to understand the difficulties he had mentioned. When it was suggested that the church should endeavor to grasp with industrial difficulties they professed the most complete astonishment. Those people were bound down with an amount of class prejudice the like of which had never been seen before. (Cheers and renewed hisses.) They had as much hypocrisy in London churches and chapels as the whole world beside could show. (Loud hisses.) Captains of industry went to church and mumbled the Lord's Prayer, and then for the next six days in the week violated every principle contained in the prayer, and sweated their fellows without remorse. (Cheers.) The essence of religion was to be found in working for the common good, and he appealed to all to place themselves in the grand army which was endeavoring to make the world brighter and better and to found a brotherhood of man. (Cheers.)—Machester City News.

A superabundance of iron in the blood is the theory put forward to account for red hair. "To the same cause is ascribed the vigor, the elasticity, the great vitality, the overflowing, healthy animal life which runs riot through the veins of the ruddy-haired; and this strong sentient animal life is what renders them more intense in their emotions than their more languid fellow-creatures." Whether the writer is a Scotsman does not appear; but we are at liberty to assume that he is among the "carroty," for the pains he is at to excuse on the same assumption the "freckles" on the peculiarly clear white skin which accompany red hair."—Pall Mall Gazette.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

Co-operative Agriculture.

The agricultural syndicates of France are the theme of a very instructive paper in the Economic Journal by Mr. H. W. Wolff. These syndicates were started "to stimulate private initiative."

Of the success generally of the Sydicats Agricoles Mr. Wolff says "there can be no doubt. Begun most modestly scarcely ten years ago by a handful of agriculturists brought into union by Professor Tanviray, of Blois, they have in little time overspread France, multiplying in all to the number of 1,300, with about 600,000 members, and doing an annual business at present of 100,000,000 francs, which promises to grow rapidly to higher figures. They are apt to be met with in almost every part of France.

"The syndicates help the vine grower and the sugar beet grower, the horse breeder and the market gardener, they lend a hand in the destruction of obnoxious insects, the embankment of watercourses, fumigation for keeping off the frost; they have even provided French agriculture with boards of conciliation and arbitration, and insurance of laborers against accidents; and, above all things, they have, in M. Gatallier's apt words, wholly 'democratized' the use of artificial manures, insecticides, feeding stuffs, etc., placing what was formerly a luxury reserved for the rich within the easy reach of the poor, improving the quality, reducing the market price by from 20 to 30 per cent., and yet increasing the annual consumption from the paltry figure of 52,000 francs—barely more than 2,000,000 for all France—to 120,000,000 francs."

The effort to get rid of the middle has not, on the whole, succeeded. But —"If co-operative selling has proved a failure, co-operative buying has proved a grand success—indeed, coupled with co-operation in labor, the one success of the movement. That success is really all the more creditable, since the French law of 1884 does not deal over kindly with the syndicates. In France the syndicates must not trade on their own account. . . The dealer . . . has to collect the money for the collective orders executed from every individual member separately."

The constitutions of these associations, which were avowedly promoted in order to "suppress Socialism," varies considerably: "Most of the Syndicats have two classes of members—the rich, who take up heavy shares, must not borrow, and are bound to remain members for a definite time, five years or so, these are the membres fondateurs; and the poor, who take up smaller shares, are free to leave, and who may borrow, these are the membres effectifs. In one Syndicat I have found as many as four distinct orders of members. . . . But it seems to me that the spirit of common interest and common action has been most thoroughly aroused in the Syndicats having only one class of members all with equal rights and equal obligations, such as that of Auxere, of which its secretary proudly boasts that 'we form a veritable little republic.' The members, of course, elect their officers and committee and council, but they elect them as a rule from out of the rich 'founder' class. Most of the services are given gratuitous."

The co-operative purchase and use of machinery and implements, the provision in some districts of winter employment by means of domestic industries, arrangement of technical lectures, provision for analysis and field experiments, prizes for the best managed farms, and subsidies toward the introduction of improved machinery and the construction of liquid manure tanks are among other services rendered by the Syndicats.

Life is Misery.

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills.

After the Ball.

There is always a great rush for S. Davis & Sons' Cigars

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.		No. 3 Passenger Saturdays.		Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.		Miles from Victoria.
Ar.	12:30 P M	Ar.	5:30 P M	78	VICTORIA	De.	8:00 A M	De.	2:00 P M	[illegible]
"	12:20	"	5:26	[illegible]	RUSSELL'S	"	8:04	"	2:04	[illegible]
"	12:10	"	5:16	[illegible]	ESQUIMALT	"	8:14	"	2:14	[illegible]
"	11:55 A M	"	4:51	[illegible]	GOLDSTREAM	"	8:30	"	2:30	[illegible]
"	11:10	"	4:21	[illegible]	SUMMIT SIDING	"	9:18	"	3:10	[illegible]
"	10:50	"	3:59	[illegible]	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	"	9:34	"	3:36	[illegible]
"	10:40	"	3:46	[illegible]	COBBLE HILL	"	9:44	"	3:46	[illegible]
"	10:27	"	3:31	[illegible]	McPHERSON'S	"	9:57	"	4:01	[illegible]
"	10:17	"	3:21	[illegible]	KOKSILAH	"	10:07	"	4:11	[illegible]
"	10:12	"	3:16	[illegible]	DUNCAN'S	"	10:11	"	4:16	[illegible]
"	10:00	"	3:06	[illegible]	SOMENOS	"	10:22	"	4:26	[illegible]
"	9:30	"	2:41	[illegible]	CHEMAINUS	"	10:48	"	4:43	[illegible]
"	9:15	"	2:26	19	OYSTER BAY SIDING	"	11:00	"	5:01	[illegible]
De	8:34	"	1:45	6	NANAIMO (Ar.)	Ar.	11:30		5:46	73
Ar	8:25				NANAIMO (De.)	De.	11:40			
De	8:16	De.	1:30		WELLINGTON	Ar.	12:15 P M	Ar.	6:00	78

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

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Cheapest Rates

To all Eastern Points

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS

Daily to St. Paul.
Wednesdays to Boston.
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THROUGH PULLMAN CARS

To St. Paul and Montreal
Daily without change.

LUXURIOUS DINING CARS

On all Trains

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

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Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

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To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

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SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. — S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 30 am	Lv	Mi	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15	am
10 15 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	82	Lv	3 00	am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45	pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†	Mi	Lv	8 30	pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	* pm
12 30 am	Lv	30	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	Mi	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

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JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.............................Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..............Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo...................Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria..............Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street,

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Monowai.......Thursday, 16th Nov., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, November 25, 1893, 2 p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

no7

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Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8:30 a. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars and free Colonist sleeping cars alternate each day.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

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Boys' and Men's **Winter Suits and Overcoats**

Splendid Assortment to Select from.

Eastern Tailor Made Suits and Overcoats to Measure.
Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
New Fall Samples Just to Hand. . . . . .

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Clothiers, Hatters and General Outfitters,
97 Johnson Street,
VICTORIA, B.C.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES MEET.

General Business Disposed of at Last Evening's Session.

The regular monthly meeting of the school board was held last evening. Chairman Hayward presided and there were present Trustees Lovell, Yates and Bishop.

A number of applications were received from insurance company agents asking for a share of the insurance on the new buildings. Referred to the finance committee.

W. Todenheimer offered to start a lunch counter at the Central school if the trustees provided him with a room. Received and filed.

Wm. C. Pope, clerk of the commissioners of police, wrote stating that the commissioners thought Sergt. Hawton was doing his duty when he searched the pupils for catapults. He says he did not search for knives. If the trustees wished to have a further investigation they must make an explicit charge. Received and filed.

It was decided to provide slate boards for the new ward schools.

J. G. Brown, contractor for the toilets at Central school, asked for an extension of time. The work had been delayed by the plumbers being kept waiting for the material to be used. He also asked for a certificate for the payment of part of the contract money.

Architect Ewart said that he could not recommend the issuance of the certificate, but recommended the extension of time.

Trustee Yates moved that the architect be requested to instruct Mr. Brown to complete the contract as soon as possible. The motion was adopted.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge asked for the use of the Hillside ward school for services on Sunday. The request was granted.

At the suggestion of Principal Hawkey of the Spring Ridge ward school the secretary was requested to instruct the education department to permit the infant classes to be dismissed for a few minutes during the afternoon.

Minor repairs and requests for supplies will be attended to by the supply committee.

The trustees were invited to attend the meetings of the Teachers' Institute. Received with thanks.

Several applications for positions were laid on the table.

The secretary reported that a minority of the board had awarded the contract for the sewer for the south ward school to H. H. McDonald. The action was confirmed.

A number of letters brought out the fact that although the council had granted the trustees permission to connect South ward school with the sewers, the contractor could not obtain permission to open the street. The contractor had put men to work, but had to stop, being unable to obtain permission to open the street.

The chairman will wait on the city engineer in reference to the matter.

There was some discussion in reference to the tenders for grading the North ward school site and for fencing the same.

Trustee Lovell thought $3,500 was too much for the work. The board did not contemplate any such expenditure.

Trustee Yates explained that the board had secured a reduction of $3,000 in the price of the site, and that $3,000 was for filling in and levelling it.

The motion was laid over.

The report of attendance showed an average daily attendance of 1,663.54, average actual attendance 1,640.61; pupils enrolled, 1,935; average per teacher, 40.

The bills for the month were ordered to be paid if found correct.

There was some difference in the iron girders supplied by the contractor for the South ward school and those called for in the specifications. The contractor agreed to make a reduction.

The board adjourned at 10 p. m.

KASLO TOWN.

Railway Work to Proceed—Another Rich Strike Reported.

(Kaslo-Slocan Examiner.)

Two inches of snow fell at Bear Lake Wednesday morning.

During the month of September over 900,000 pounds of high grade ore was shipped from Kaslo.

Everything is assuming a more rosette hue and every one is more congenial, since the railway question has been settled.

Ore from Washington, Wellington and the Blue Bird arrives at the wharf daily, while Hughes' ware house is constantly receiving wagon loads of ore from the Mountain Chief, the Freddie Lee, the Dardanelles and the Idaho.

Quite a number of mines have large quantities of ore on their dumps, awaiting snowfall so the ore can be transported on sledges.

The engineering party on the Kaslo-Slocan railway have made arrangements to have their camp supplied with mail regularly, two mail bags having been provided for this purpose. Mr. Walby will have charge of the mail at this end of the route.

The Great Northern railway is making every inducement to shippers to transport their ores by that line, the latest rate submitted being $6.50 per ton via Bonner's Ferry to Black Eagle, Montana.

The Alpha and Black Bear mines were purchased this week by the McNaught Bros of Seattle for the consideration of $70,000.

The owners of the Slocan Star mine are erecting a warehouse at New Denver, to store their awaiting shipments of ore.

The Forks is experiencing a building boom. Houses of all sizes and description are going up like mushrooms.

The construction of the railway to Three Forks is pushed with every degree of rapidity. The survey of this line is now complete and the entire route definitely located.

Will T. Hireen came over the divide from New Denver last Wednesday and reports everything on the move at that favored locality.

On Thursday morning a party of 19 engineers under charge of C. E. Perry left Kaslo for Bear Lake to finish cross sectioning the line of the Kaslo-Slocan railway as far as Sandon creek. Several of the familiar faces in Kaslo are included in the party. M. A. Bucke will handle the transit; Jas. Easton will fill the role of draughtsman, and S. P. Tuck will act as leveler. Other well known members of the party are W. R. Stevenson, J. Harvey and F. Pollard. They will camp for the first week at Bear Lake, and from there they will remove to near Three Forks.

David McDonald, a veteran prospector, recently struck something remarkable not a great distance from Trout Lake. On his first trip he made two locations, the assays ranging from 82 ounces in silver to 2282, and over 50 per cent lead. On the second trip he located a claim, the New York, in the name of Mr. Almonre of the Balfour Trading Company, the assay showing over 600 ounces, and another in the name of Mr. Clymo, of the sampling works, but we have not heard the result of the assay of this claim, though it will, no doubt, be very high. The ore resembles that found in the Coeur d'Alenes more than any yet discovered and the ledges are large and well defined. Some parties are already negotiating for them.

Further speculation regarding the Kaslo-Slocan railway may be discontinued, as it is now definitely settled that the work of construction will begin at once and continue with all possible speed until the road is finished to a point on Carpenter creek, near the mouth of Sandon creek, which will cover a distance of 28 miles, and when completed will tap all the principal mines on the south side of the Kaslo river. Last Thursday a dispatch was received from D. J. Munn at St. Paul, whither Mr. Munn had previously gone to confer with the officials of the Great Northern railway, ordering the engineers to proceed at once and cross-section the road as far as Sandon creek, and stating that he would arrive here soon. It is reported here that a large force of laborers and teams are on the way to commence constructing the road.

TROUT LAKE NEWS

(From our Own Correspondent.)

Trout Lake City, B. C., Oct. 28.—Most encouraging news comes from the Black Prince, Silver Tip and Bad Shot mines, all of which are on the same lead. The ore recently raised from the Black Prince continues to improve in richness, and the vein does not pinch out. Messrs. Johnson & Co., owners of the Bad Shot, in running an adit on the 50-foot level, have struck a vein of rich argentiferous ore two feet wide. This vein is supposed to run through the Black Prince and Silver Tip, which will considerably enhance the value of all three mines. Four or five mines will be worked in the immediate vicinity of Trout Lake the greater part of the winter.

There is at present an astonishing and very inexcusable dearth of provisions and other supplies at the lake. For some reason Messrs. Hume & Co. appear unable to get stores forwarded through and there seems a great probability of a general exodus of the settlers in search of a land of Egypt where corn is. Why such a condition of affairs should exist it is impossible to say. It is to be hoped, however, that after this winter there will be sufficient competition to render a recurrence of this difficulty impossible.

Work is badly needed on the log jam below Andro Abrahamson's house. This jam is apparently all that retains the Lardeau in its present bed and prevents it from overflowing a considerable portion of the town. A row of piles firmly driven in the gravel on the lower side of the jam would form an embankment of sufficient strength to resist the spring freshets and would not cost more than the bridge over which no one ever crosses and the use of which no one but men who were paid for building it has ever been able to discover.

Mr. A. Harrison has for the past week been confined to his bed with a severe attack of influenza.

Messrs. Piper and Abrahamson are busy making board shelters for their fruit trees.

The hotels are flourishing as usual and the weather is that of British Columbia.

A Real "Isle of the Blest."

"An Arcadian Island, with a population of "about 400 simple Christians" is pleasantly described by Adelia Gates in the Leisure Hour:

"This isle of the blest is one of the Lipari group, lying to the south of Italy, and between it and Sicily; and it is known to the world as Panaria. Within its borders there is neither doctor nor dentist; yet its inhabitants live to a good old age and keep their teeth well. There is no lawyer and no prison; yet there are no disputes over boundary lines, no quarrels between debtor and creditor, and no theft. There is no liquor seller, no tobacconist, nor tea merchant; and yet the people are not unsocial nor gloomy. There is no almshouse and no beggar. . . . Each family wins from its own plot of ground enough grain, vegetables, oil and wine for home consumption, and of the two latter products sufficient is exported to procure from abroad the materials for their simple clothing, which the housewife makes up in complete independence of tailors. The sea yields them all their animal food, except perhaps a few chickens for great occasions, as a christening or a wedding. In the whole island there is no carriage road, and few have ever seen a horse."

This idyllic state of affairs is largely due to the work of a single priest, a sort of Catholic Oberlin, a personal epitome of the Civic church: "When he came to Panaria he found no port, no post, no school, no church, no anything but a verdant and fertile island, and a people, not savage nor bad, but utterly illiterate—inalfabeti, as the Italians say. He has remained there unto this day, devoting himself to their welfare as faithfully as Father Damien to his lepers, baptising, marrying, burying, preaching, teaching and growing old serenely in his consecrated service. Thanks to his untiring efforts Panaria has now a little port, postal communication with the mainland, a submarine telegraph to Sicily, a school, and a commodious church, where 365 mornings of the year and 52 afternoons there is a service.

"All the public offices are united in one person. . . . Padre Michelangelo is . . . priest, mayor, harbormaster, postmaster, and master of the marine telegraph, aided in the last named office, however, by his widowed niece."

If you would give alms at Panaria there is no one to receive them.

The Action of the Eye.

It can be taken as a fact, which the theory of the action of the eye implies, that for each external impression, that is, for each image produced on the retina, the ends of the visual nerves concerned in the conveyance of the impression to the mind must be under a peculiar stress or in a vibratory state. It now does not seem improbable that, when by the power of thought an image is evoked, a distant reflex action, no matter how weak, is exerted upon certain ends of the visual nerves, and, therefore, upon the retina. Will it ever be within human power to analyze the condition of the retina when disturbed by thought or reflex action, by the help of some optical or other means of such sensitiveness that a clear idea of its state might be gained at any time? If this were possible, then the problem of reading one's thoughts with precision, like the characters of an open book, might be much easier to solve than many problems belonging to the domain of positive physical science, in the solution of which many, if not the majority, of scientific men implicitly believe. Helmholtz has shown that the fundi of the eyes are themselves luminous, and he was able to see, in total darkness, the movement of his arm by the light of his own eyes. This is one of the most remarkable experiments recorded in the history of science, and probably only a few men could satisfactorily repeat it, for it is very likely that the luminosity of the eyes is associated with uncommon activity of the brain and great imaginative power. It is fluorescence of brain-action, as it were.—Nikola Tesla, in the Scientific American, New York.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttakw

Of course you have heard of MASTIFF PLUG CUT. but have you tried it yourself? It is making new friends every day, indeed it disappoints nobody. It is always even better than people expect.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

IF YOU USE SUNLIGHT YOU'RE RIGHT.

Sunlight Soap has the LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD
Because it is THE BEST IN THE WORLD
And also because
Those who use it Find it will do what no other Soap can do.
For Laundry and Household, it is a positive comfort
AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA!
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA B.C.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

REMOVAL.

On and after November 1st
G. D. McMARTIN'S BARBER SHOP
Will be removed from Douglas street to 57 Yates street, near Broad. The new shop will be fitted in first-class style, baths in connection; everything new; competent workmen.
CENTRAL SHAVING PALORS.
G. D. McMARTIN, Proprietor.
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A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

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Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets,
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Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DECLINED TO ACCEPT.

Miners Will Not Work Under the Reduction Proposed.

Nanaimo, Nov. 9.—Manager Chandler of the East Wellington colliery received a telegram yesterday afternoon from San Francisco stating the owners declined to increase the present wage, which means that the men must work under the 20 per cent. reduction. They have declined to accept the latter and are now out on strike.

The charges against Sergeant Gibbs have proved to be the outcome of pure malice. Mayor Haslam has reported that every cent has been accounted for.

Work on the New V. C. Co.'s mines was resumed yesterday, and it is expected Northfield will commence work on Thursday.

The dragging for the body of the Chinaman who was drowned off Northfield wharf on Friday last has been abandoned, as it is believed the tide has carried it out to sea.

Miss Lawson, principal of the girls' school, has laid a complaint against some boys who broke into the school and carried away everything portable, besides destroying many things. Chief O'Connell has the matter in hand.

C. P. R. VICTUALS.

Proposed Hotel at Hongkong—New Manager of the B. C. C. Co.

Vancouver, Nov. 9.—Senkler was unanimously elected captain at last night's meeting of the Rugby football club. A team will visit Nanaimo on Saturday to play the Hornets.

A skating rink has been opened in the opera house.

Four vessels are now on the way from San Francisco to this port to load lumber at Hastings mill.

The bar association will hold their annual dinner on Nov. 16th. The attorney-general, deputy attorney-general and provincial judges have been invited.

Lynn creek bridge at North Vancouver has been washed away by a heavy freshet.

W. L. Matthews, manager of the Banff hotel, leaves on the Empress of Japan next trip on a tour of the Orient and to inspect the different victualing stations. It is reported the Canadian Pacific intend opening a hotel of their own at Hong Kong.

A gold chain valued at $40 was stolen from Trorey's jewelry store a few days ago by a sneak thief.

D. W. Gillies, for many years bookkeeper of the B. C. Cattle Co., has been appointed general manager of the company's business here and at Victoria.

KENNEDY ON TRIAL.

The Notorious Murderer and Outlaw Pleads Not Guilty.

New Westminster, Nov. 9.—Late last night the jury in the case of Pat Cain and Frank Adams, for larceny, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Kennedy, alias Myers', case came up this morning, and the whole forenoon was taken up in selecting a jury and by the opening address by the prosecution. Fifteen challenges were entered before the jury was decided upon. Hearing the evidence commenced at 1.30. Meyers, whose true name is John Mears, has lost a little of his color by close confinement, but otherwise looks as undaunted as ever, and pleaded not guilty in firm tones. His brother is being searched for by the police for threatening one of the most important witnesses. He has fled the city since yesterday morning and cannot be found. It is probable two courts will be sitting to-morrow. Judge Bole is presiding on the Kennedy case.

Drifting With an Alligator.

It was on the south side and on Bayous Cumbest and Heron that the people were most unfortunate. The total destruction of fences, crops, and, in some instances, houses, boats, seines, and nets were the results, leaving some of the citizens entirely destitute. The following was the experience of Henry Seaman, his young wife and little brother, who were the only occupants of the ill-fated house which no doubt Henry had built with his hard earnings, and which was situated about one and a half miles from his neighbor.

Quite early in the morning the fast-rising tide overspread the yard and into the house, bringing with it snakes almost without number. They killed the reptiles until they were tired, or rather until their situation became so alarming as to call attention to more serious matters. Snakes were allowed peaceable possession. The water was soon so deep that Mr. Seaman found it necessary to place some of the planks of the floating floor across the upper joists, upon which he placed his wife and little brother, hoping that the wind would change and the tide recede before it reached that elevated point; but the wind grew stronger, the tide got deeper and the waves lashed with more energy, until the little house succumbed to the combined forces, and with cracking and groaning began to move from its foundations. The unfortunate inmates kept their positions until the crashing building began to sink and break asunder. Mr. Seaman cried to his unhappy little family to follow him. He let himself down into the water and through the door. Mrs. Seaman endeavored to follow him, but failed to find the opening, and probably would have drowned in the house had not Mr. Seaman found a part of her skirt and dragged her out. Luckily, the little boy never loosened his firm hold on the lady and got out also. With efforts which they cannot explain they all managed to gain the roof as it was leaving the building.

Then began a voyage which none of them will ever forget. Sometimes the great billows would engulf them, sometimes their uncomfortable little housetop would almost stand on end, threatening to upset; sometimes they would be at one end and sometimes at the other, often tearing strong boards from their nailings. Perhaps one of the most distressing occurrences of that unexpected ride was the very unwelcome visit of a monster "gotor," who seemed desirous to take passage with them. Mr. Seaman says he does not exaggerate the length of the monster when he puts it at ten feet. Mrs. Seaman thought him even longer. Mrs. Seaman cried to her unhappy helpmate: "Push him off!" Did Henry obey? That was not the first alligator he had ever met. He knew too well what strength lay in the great tail stretched out before him. In fact, Henry was not hankering after unpleasant associations with alligators that morning. However, he did holler at him in as commanding a way as posisble, but his gaitorship calmly maintained his position until a big wave carried them all under, after which he was not seen.

They were drifted within half a mile of Ben Seaman's house, hopeful of being rescued soon, when the wind shifted and changed their course toward the dreadful gulf. The tide, however, receded rapidly, and on a high ridge they found bottom in four feet of water.—Pascagonia Democrat-Star.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE TURF.

MARCELLE AT 'FRISCO.

R. P. Rithet's mare Marcelle started in the mile and a furlong handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards at the Bay district track at San Francisco on Saturday last. She stopped after going three-quarters of a mile, the eastern horses being too fast for her. She was ridden by Seaman. The races in which she is expected to take a place do not come off until next week.

DIRECTUM'S GREAT MILE.

Harvard, Conn., Nov. 9.—Directum trotted a mile in 2.08 to-day. Quarter, 32 1-4; half, 1.03 1-2; three quarters, 1.36.

THE RING.

PROBABLY IN FLORIDA.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 9.—The Bowden-Mason syndicate were confident last night that at a meeting to be held in R. K. Fox's office in New York to-day, their proposition would be accepted, and Jacksonville selected for the Mitchell-Corbett fight. In answer to a message from Fox, received last night, they telegraphed him they would allow each of the contestants $2500 for training expenses, and also gave Fox full authority to act for them at the meeting to-day. Private advices from New York say all the prominent "sports" are in favor of Jacksonville. Early in January is now thought the best time for the fight.

NOTES.

Harry Dunn, champion wrestler of the antipodes, arrived on the Warrimoo. He is anxious to meet McLeod.

A special meeting of the lacrosse club will be held to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock in R. Irving's office.

The executive of the Victoria lacrosse club will hold a meeting to-morrow evening to transact important business, including the question of grounds.

THE MARKETS

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

The steamship Warrimoo re-stocked the market with tropical fruits, and those brought here are moving very rapidly. There was some mutton aboard, but none of it was landed here, all being taken to Vancouver. Prices of fruit range about as before. Island eggs are scarce and the price keeps on advancing. It must now be pretty near to high water mark. Trade has been even, the different lines of staples being steady. Receipts of island produce are very light, although several shipments of potatoes have come in. Retail prices are below:

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	32 50@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	32 00@35 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per bag	1 25
Honolulu sweet potatoes	5c per lb
Cabbage	3@3 1-2
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 25
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	4
Eggs, Island, per doz	60
Imported eggs	30
Australian sugar, per lb	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
" Creamery, per 3 lbs	1 00
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	20@23
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	20@25
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	18@20
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@15
Sides, per lb	8@9
Mutton, per lb	10@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1 00@2 00
Turkeys, per lb	25
Geese, per lb	25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
" Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Nfld), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked)	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples, per lb	3@5
Oranges (navel), per doz	30@50
" (Riverside), per doz	25@30
" (Australian)	25@30
Lemons, California, per doz	25@40
" (Australian)	25@30
Bananas, per doz	20@30
Tomatoes, per lb	2@4
Peaches, per lb	8
Pears, per lb	6@8
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Plums, Island, per lb	6@8
Water melons	40@75

Two Day's Sport.

Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney, Hon. F. G. Vernon, F. S. Barnard, M. P., Capt. John Irving, Sir Richard Musgrave and L. Boscowitz left by the steamer Maude this afternoon for the islands near Seymour Narrows. They intend spending about 10 days on the islands hunting small and large game. They will make their headquarters on board the steamer. Several members of the party are excellent marksmen with the rifle.

General News.

Berlin, Nov. 9.—Emperor William has decided to open the reichstag in person.

—The Premier left Vancouver at 1.25 p.m. She connected with the Pacific express and is bringing the delayed mails.

PERSONAL.

H. Saunders returned on the Maude from Alberni.

T. W. Harvey went to Vancouver this morning.

Col. A. J. Kane returned from Olympia last evening.

G. A. Keefer returned home on the Kingston yesterday.

R. A. Welsh and wife, of San Francisco, are at the Driard.

Geo. A. Knight and wife left for the Sound last evening.

J. A. T. Caton contemplates an eastern and European tour.

Mrs. Fuller leaves for her home in New York to-morrow night.

J. M. Buxton, of Vancouver, returned home on the Warrimoo.

Dr. G. L. Milne, M.P.P., went over to Vancouver this morning.

Dr. Lefevre, of the C.P.R., returned to Vancouver on the Warrimoo.

R. C. Stevens, of the Great Northern, went home to Seattle last evening.

James A. Wright Jr., and G. Falck, of the International Steamship Co., left last night for San Francisco.

Hon. Theo. Davie went over to Westminster this morning to conduct the assizes for the crown.

Mr. Phillips this morning received the sad news of the death of his younger brother, J. A. Phillips, aged 61, of Brisbane, Queensland.

George Martyn, formerly book-keeper for Hughitt & McIntyre, left this morning for the east. He will spend the winter at his home in Kincardine.

Capt. Blackburn, of the Montserrat, which is now in the coal trade, is down from Nanaimo to spend a few days. His vessel will not be ready for sea for several days.

J. E. W. Macfarlane, Vancouver; C. Buchanan, Shanghai; W. Howron, New Zealand; A. Cummings, Vancouver; D. McIntyre, Duncan's; and Col. Elliott, of Somenos, are at the Oriental.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—H T Cadwallader, John Pollyan, J Ottley, D McWilliams, Captain Daly, James Dean, Joe Alexander, C Buchanan, Mrs Middleton, Mrs Aster, F Pfefferburger, R Gilles, Miss Cross, J E Wallbridge, Mrs Cochrane, W C Terrey, John Mellor, John Turner, J W Miller, J Fairall, T Collins, R Hayes, J Nott, F Sinder, R Wrede, W Bouron, Miss Mannion, Mrs Smith, T J Roberts, C Gillies, Miss Magnel, Mrs Wallbridge, Mrs Worster, Mrs Porter, Mrs J F Daly, W G Stedeman, R F Shaw, Mrs Shaw, John Gray, R Haggerty, F Irving, A E Starr, W H Ker, J E W Macfarlan, R E Purver, S Mackay, C Brownrigg, Fred Salby, Dr Cross, G Baker, J C Darlington, J Davidson, Mrs Starr, D W Gillis, A P Judge, Thos Middleton, A Marion, R W Brownrigg, T Seward, Mrs Cross, G M Callender, J E Cochrane, John Kelley, Mrs Pryor, C S Fale, D Thorne.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Crawford, W H Hansen, G Narama, Alex Cummings, Miss M Rowe, F F Curry, O O North and wife, C Hobbard and wife, W B Fawsn and wife, Captain Haley, J J Lindsay, H Smithby, C Whiteside, G Taylor, Col Cane, R Webb, Miss Haley, G McNeil, F L Simpson, C Rockman, C J Carr, W D Smith, T Sonker, G A Keefe.

Per Str. Walla Walla from San Francisco—H Carter, B Delroy, L Hamond, Jas Kimpsheld, B Walsh and wife, C J Flood and wife, Emelie Flood, F Flood, C H Westwood, John Corrigan, C R Geddes and wife, Mrs G C Sears, H Craig, George Chatterly, B Carlysle, W G Carlysle, Mrs J C Ingram, John Switzer.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—A Cohen, Brackman & Kerr, Geo Powell & Co, Johns Bros, M & L Young, McL & McF, R McDonald, S Leiser, W G McKenzie, Colbert & Warner, C R King, Canada Paint Co, E B Marvin, Hall & Co, H P Flitt, H B Co, J Braden & Son, Martin & R, P McQuade, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J J Sehl, R Baker & Son, Hudson Bay Co, J Ball, Valo & Co, M & L Young, G Morrison, E Blackwood, Peter Greppe, Examiner Agent, G Vienna, E B Marvin.

Per Str. Walla Walla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks, Allice & Ault, Brackman & Ker M Co, C W Rogers, Cerf Schloss, Cook & Irving, Capt W Henderson, D R Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Prior & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E P Nathan, Fell & Co, G A McTavish, H Short & Son, H Clay, J & A Clearihue, J Barnsley & Co, J H Todd & Son, L G Wing, Lai Hop & Co, Langley & Co, McLachlan Bros, P McQuade & Son, Pither & Leiser, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, Richard Layritz-Garnham, S Leiser, Spratt & Gray, T Earle, Turner Beeton & Co, T W Fletcher, Valo & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Weir & Bremner, W J Pendray, Waxstock Bros, Yin Chong Lung, W H Kinneston, S H Webb, Tai Sing, W Tietjen, Martin Huhing, Mrs E A Wren, Baner & Leison, C S Philip, Chas Anderson, F B Hutchinson, McMillan & Hamilton, Winch & Bowen, John Galt, Wells Fargo & Co.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Langley & Co.

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AUCTION

FURNITURE, ETC.

Monday, 13th Nov., 11 a.m.

I have been instructed by J. A. T. Caton, Esq., to sell by auction at his residence, No. 101 Kingston street, all his well-selected Furniture, as follows:

DRAWING ROOM.

Brussels Carpet, 1 Drawing Room Suite in polished cherry, tapestry and plush covered, 6 pieces, 2 small Chairs in Utrecht velvet, brass fender Fire Irons and Coal Scuttles, Screens, Flower Pots, Occasional Tables, a fine gilt over-mantel, handsome terra cotta Figures, Fairy Lamps, Statuettes, fine silk embroidered Lambrequins, lace and chenille Curtains, fine ebony What-not, Ornaments, Brackets, Etchings and Engravings, Artists' Proofs, handsome Salver, quadruple plate, &c.

DINING ROOM.

Brussels Carpet, Turkish rugs, oak Dining Table, ex., 6 oak Dining Chairs and 2 Easy Chairs, Lounge covered with Morocco leather, Sideboard, Fire Irons, Fitters, Curtains and Blinds, oak Over Mantel, Marble Clock, bronze Equestrian Statues, Ornaments, several fine Artists' Proof Etchings and Engravings by Cooper, Cox, Millais and other celebrated artists, handsome Dinner Sets, Glassware and Cutlery, 1 fine Salad Bowl, Plate Ware, 1 ebony Piano, upright grand by Mann & Bielsfeld.

BED ROOM.

Ash Suite 7 pieces, spring and hair Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Blankets, Elder Quilt, Sheeting, Chamber Sets, Brussells Carpet and Rugs, Lounge, Baby's Cot, Commode, long Mirror, Curtains, Poles, Blinds, brass Fender and Irons, oak Bureau, Child's Iron Bedstead and Mattress.

Furniture in spare room and servant's room, Clothes' Basket, &c.

KITCHEN.

One No. 6 Range and fittings, Crockery, Tin and Enamel Ware, Britannia Metal Covers, Platform Scales, Child's Wire Fire Guards, Coal Scuttles, Jams and Jellies.

HALL.

Linoleum, Stove and Piping, 1 Hat Rack, 1 Umbrella Stand and Seat, 1 Perambulator, rubber tire, 1 Brussels Stair Carpet, Hall Lamp.

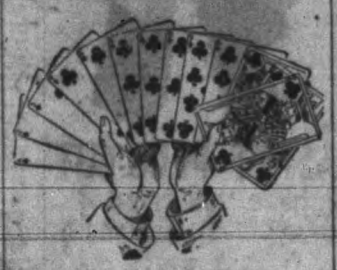
OUTSIDE.

Lawn Mower, Sprinkler, Steps, Garden Tools, Wash Tubs, 2 Children's Carts, Stable Tools, set Single Harness.

A fine Gladstone Reversible Buggy by Thompson, London, nearly new.

A 15-foot Double Rowing Boat, with cushions, built by Robinson, Victoria.

GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER



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This is a "time of doubt" and "when you are in doubt lead trumps."

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In the Clothing Line are:

Large Assortment
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FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

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Maternity Home

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Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

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READ CAREFULLY THE FOLLOWING LIST AND SEE IF YOU ARE NOT WANTING SOMETHING.

Wonderful Bargains in Lamps, especially selected.
Elegant Hanging Lamps, Table Lamps, etc.
I will buy one of those Lamps at Weiler Bros.
Low in price, excellent value, beyond compare.
Everything you need, we are able to supply.
Rich and poor alike can be easily suited.

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Start at once for Weiler Bros. and inspect the Goods.

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W. D. KINNAIRD, The Cash Tailor,

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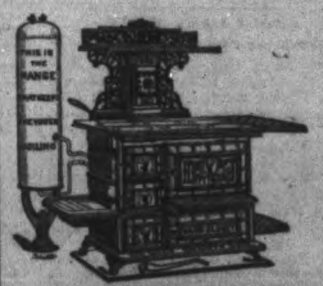
W. H. PERRY,



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Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase)	£600,000,	$2,920,000
RESERVE	£270,000,	$1,314,000

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